

# Spatial Neighborhood Analysis and Comparison for Nanoscale Brain Structures

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#### Motivation

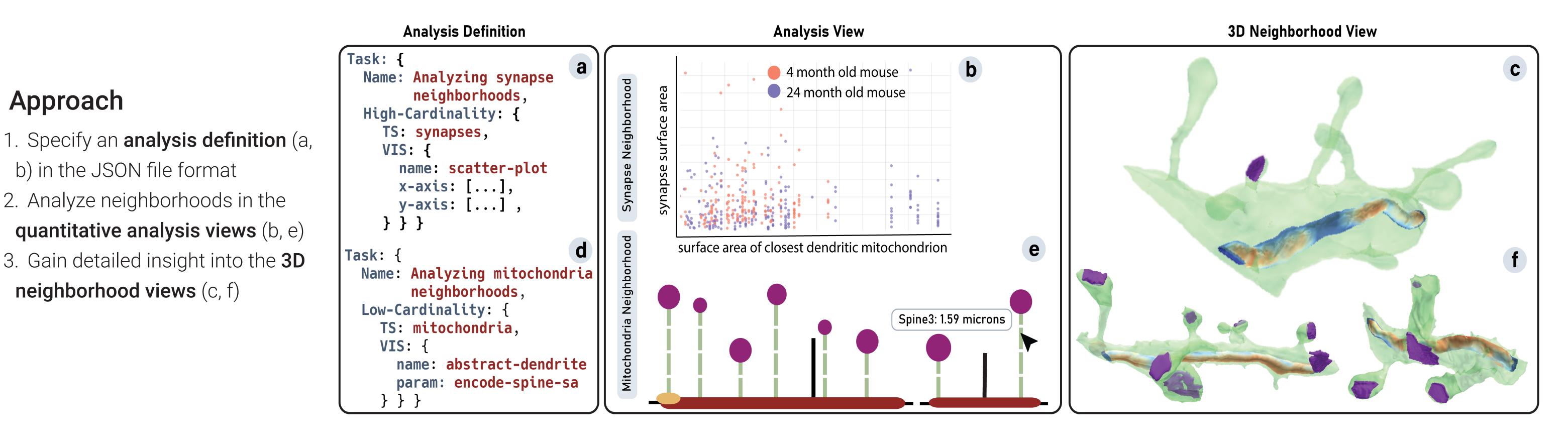
- Neurobiologists acquire vast amounts of high-resolution image data of the mammalian brain
- This data lets experts tackle questions regarding brain physiology, diseases, and the emergence of consciousness
- Experts need visualization tools enabling them to analyze ima-

## Contribution

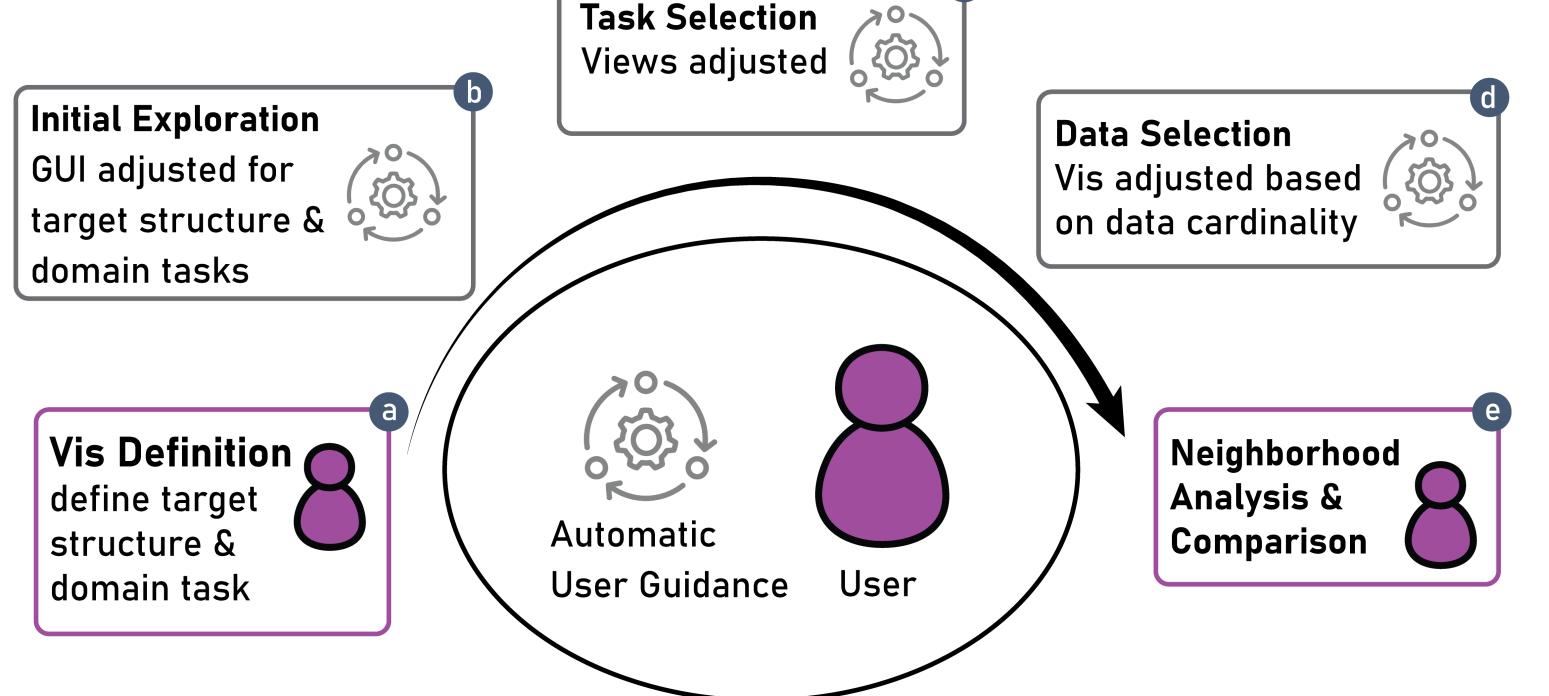
- We propose **NeuroKit, a toolkit for analyzing and comparing spatial neighborhoods of brain tissue**. Our approach focuses on three contributions:
- 1. We propose a **customizable framework for spatial neighborhood analysis** of 3DEM data
- 2. NeuroKit supports a **scalable visual comparison** approach for spatial neighborhoods al-
- lowing the comparison of a wide range of element cardinalities

ging data efficiently to translate data into knowledge

 Most existing visualization tools focus on nerve cell connectivity analysis, whereas experts are also interested in analyzing spatial neighborhoods in brain tissue 3. We present a **custom analysis scenario** studying mitochondria in neuronal tissue

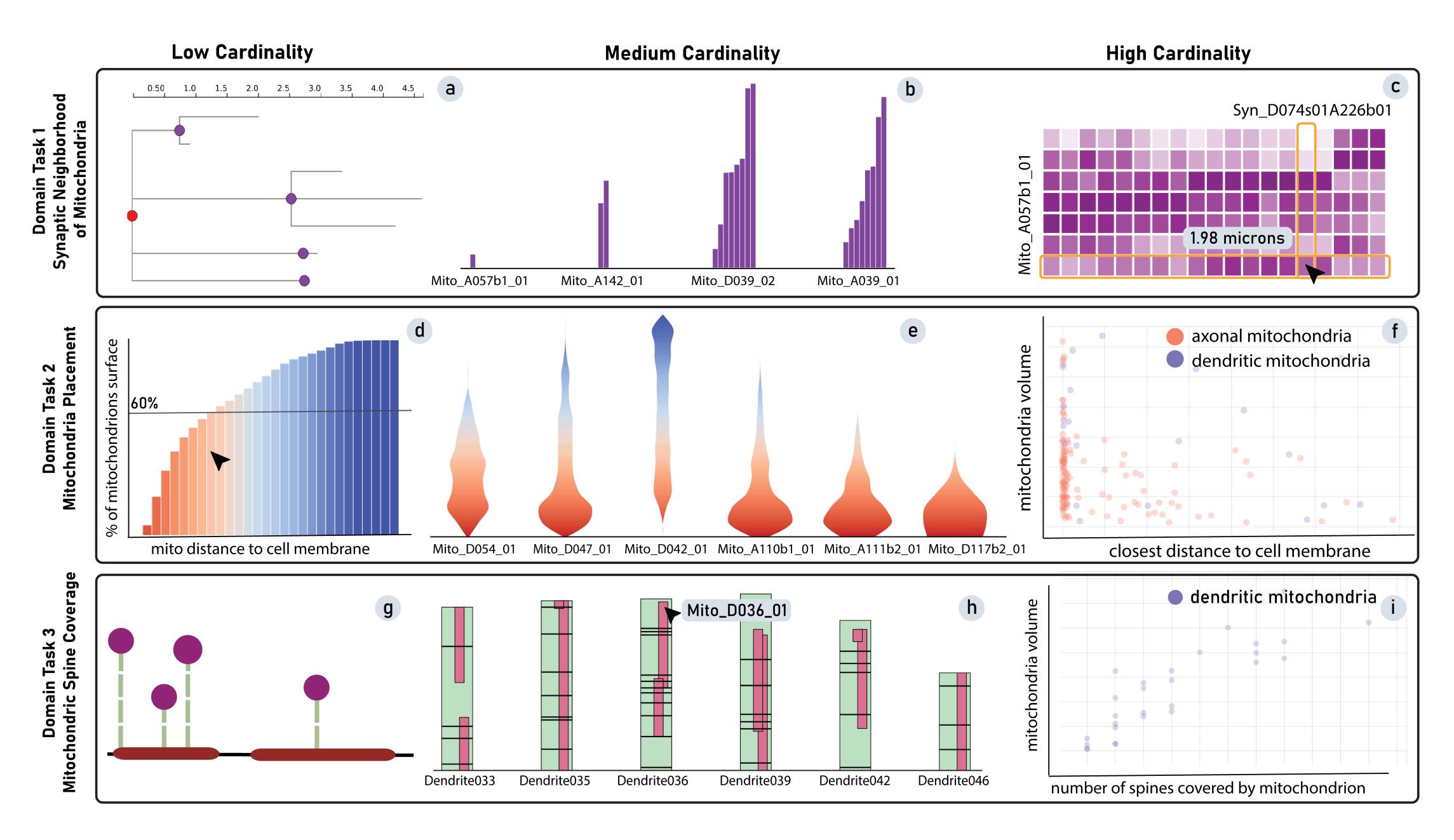






#### Workflow

- First, the user **specifies a comparison target** structure and a **domain task** (a)
- Based on this input, NeuroKit automatically guides the user during the exploration by adjusting the UI (b), adapting the visualization to the domain task, and the data cardinality (c, d)
- Thereby, NeuroKit facilitates the analysis and comparison of spatial neighborhoods by providing a highly flexible and easy to use framework (e)



## Mitochondria Analysis Scenario

- Mitochondria are responsible for providing energy to the nerve cell
- We used NeuroKit to **specify three domain tasks** to analyze their spatial neigh-

borhood (see rows)

Each domain task supports **visual comparison at three cardinalities** (see columns)

 NeuroKit automatically adjusts the cardinality level based on the number of spatial neighborhoods that are being compared

