

# Hardware-Tessellation

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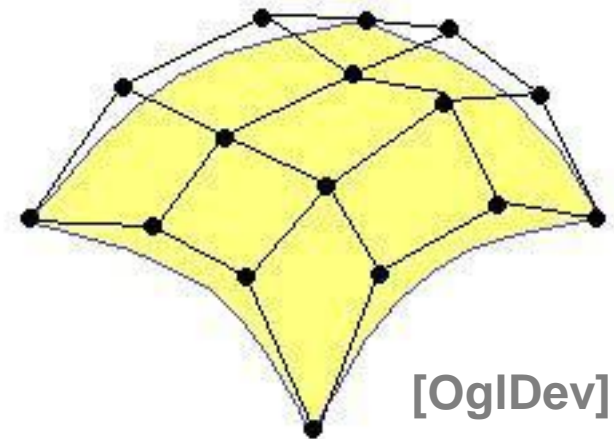
**Vienna University of Technology**





[Unigine Heaven Benchmark]

- Continuous & View-dependent Level Of Detail
  - ◆ e.g. PN-Triangles (using Bézier patches instead of triangles)
- Displacement mapping
  - ◆ not just modification of lighting (→ bump mapping, etc.)
  - ◆ changes objects' silhouette
- Requires OpenGL 4.0 or ARB\_tessellation\_shader



# Example: Displacement Mapping



[UnHe]



## OpenGL 4.x

Input Assembler

Vertex Shader

Tessellation Control Shader

Primitive Generator

Tessellation Evaluation Shader

Geometry Shader

Rasterizer

Fragment Shader

Output Merger

## Direct X 11

Input Assembler

Vertex Shader

Hull Shader

Tessellator

Domain Shader

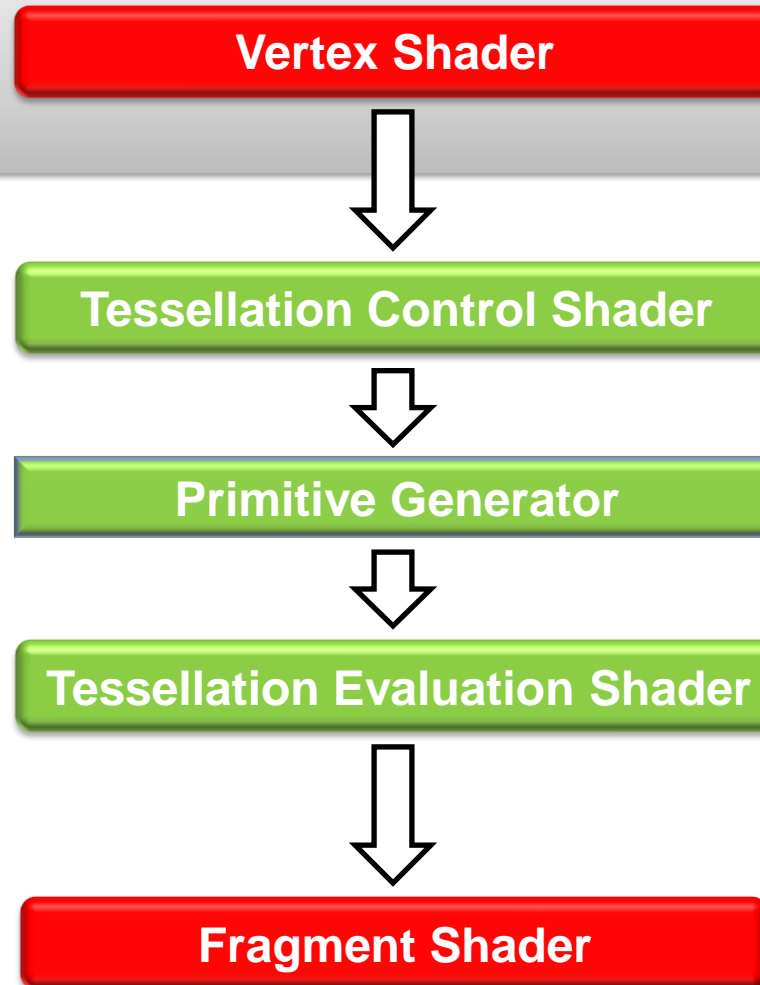
Geometry Shader

Rasterizer

Pixel Shader

Output Merger





```
#version 410 core
```

```
// matrix that transforms from object space to world space (WS)
```

```
uniform mat4 modelMatrix;
```

```
in vec4 in_Position_VS; // attribute 0: object space vertex position
```

```
in vec2 in_TextCoord_VS; // attribute 1: texture coordinate
```

```
// variables to pass down information from VS to TCS
```

```
out vec4 in_Position_CS;
```

```
out vec2 in_TextCoord_CS;
```

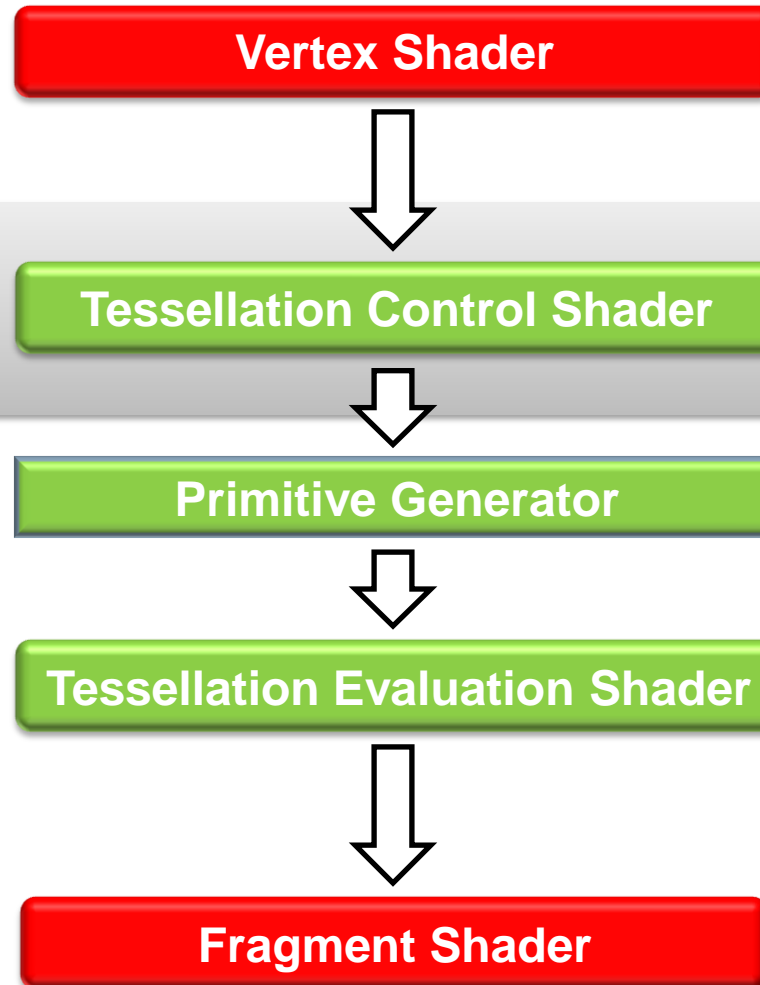
```
void main(void) {
```

```
    in_Position_CS = modelMatrix * in_Position_VS; // transform vertex to WS
```

```
    in_TextCoord_CS = in_TextCoord_VS;
```

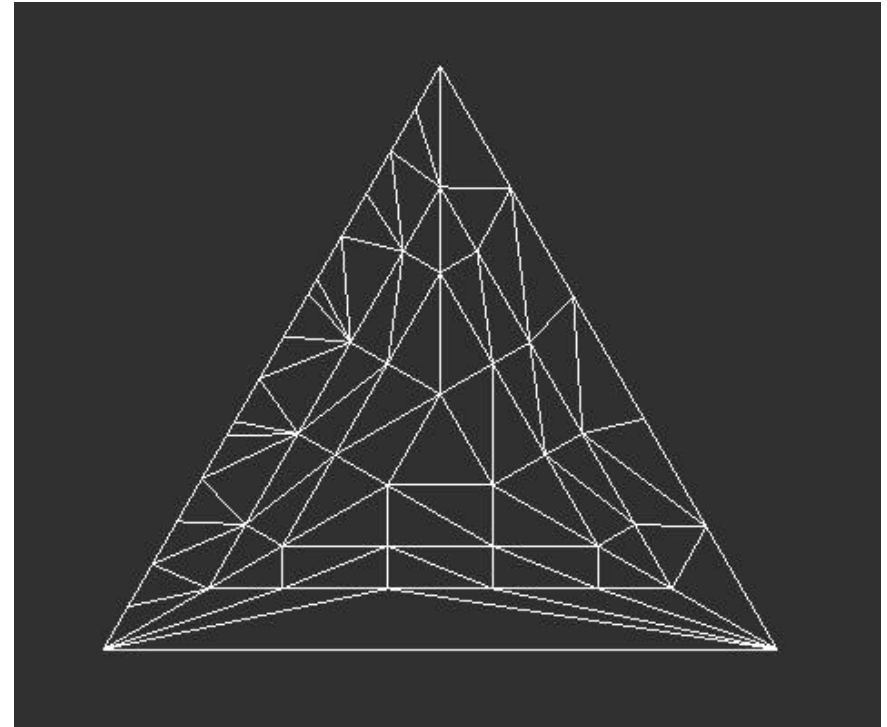
```
}
```







- Defines how much tessellation a patch (~ polygon) gets.
  - ◆ `gl_TessLevel`
- Can filter vertex data from the vertex shader (access to all vertices per patch)
- Outputs control points to the Evaluation Shader



[OgIDev]



- Basically the same procedure as for VS/GS/FS, just replace constants:

```
...  
glCreateShader(GL_TESS_CONTROL_SHADER);  
...  
glCreateShader(GL_TESS_EVALUATION_SHADER);  
...
```

- Don't forget

```
glAttachShader(prog, tess_control_shader);  
glAttachShader(prog, tess_evaluation_shader);
```



- Use primitive mode **GL\_PATCHES** for rendering, e.g.:

```
glDrawArrays(GL_PATCHES, first_vert, vert_cnt);  
glDrawElements(GL_PATCHES, idx_buffer_len, GL_UNSIGNED_INT, 0);
```

- Configure number of vertices in patch

```
glPatchParameteri(GL_PATCH_VERTICES, n);
```

- Query for the maximum allowable number **n**

```
GLint MaxPatchVertices;  
glGetIntegerv(GL_MAX_PATCH_VERTICES, &MaxPatchVertices);
```



```
#version 410 core
```

```
// define the number of Vertices in the output patch  
// (can be different from the input patch size)
```

```
layout (vertices = 3) out;
```

```
// attributes of the input Vertices (from Vertex Shader)
```

```
in vec4 in_Position_CS[];
```

```
in vec2 in_TextCoord_CS[];
```

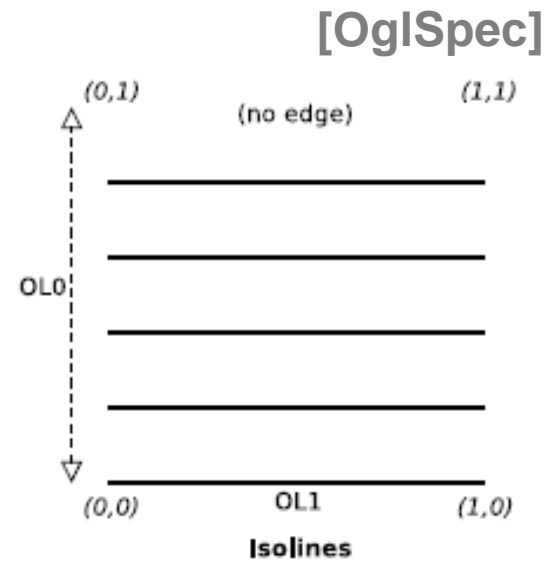
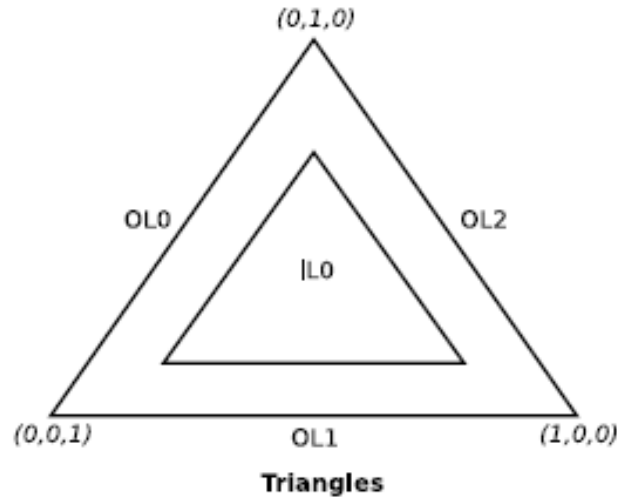
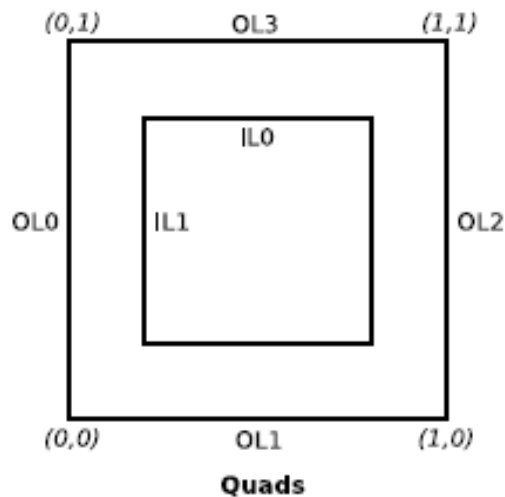
```
// attributes of the output Vertices (to Tessellation Evaluation Shader)
```

```
out vec4 in_Position_ES[];
```

```
out vec2 in_TextCoord_ES[];
```



- Active vertex:
  - ◆ `gl_InvocationID`
- Tessellation level
  - ◆ `gl_TessLevelOuter[]`
  - ◆ `gl_TessLevelInner[]`



IL 0-1 inner tessellation levels; OL 0-3 outer tessellation levels

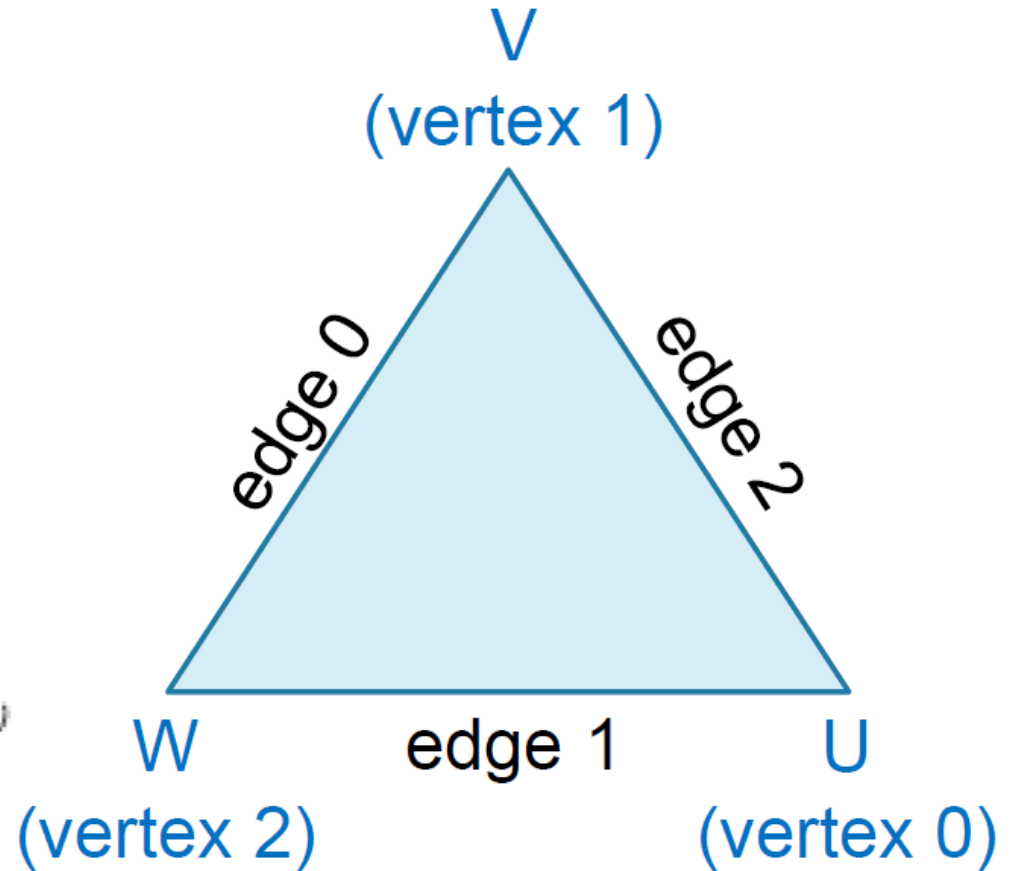
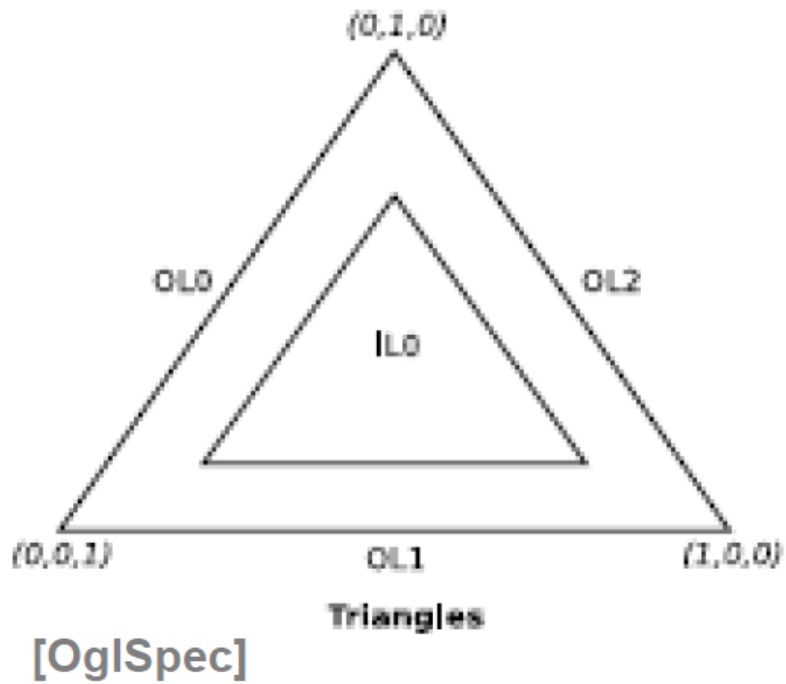


```
void main(void) {
    // Set the control points (vertices) of the output patch
    in_Position_ES[gl_InvocationID] = in_Position_CS[gl_InvocationID];
    in_TextCoord_ES[gl_InvocationID] = in_TextCoord_CS[gl_InvocationID];

    // the next snippet just sketches the calculations...
    // based on the vertex distances to the camera, we choose the TLs
    // see [OglDev] for an example implementation

    // Calculate the tessellation levels
    if (gl_InvocationID == 0) {
        gl_TessLevelOuter[0] = calc_TL(in_Position_CS[1], in_Position_CS[2]);
        gl_TessLevelOuter[1] = calc_TL(in_Position_CS[2], in_Position_CS[0]);
        gl_TessLevelOuter[2] = calc_TL(in_Position_CS[0], in_Position_CS[1]);
        gl_TessLevelInner[0] = calc_inner_TL( ... );
    }
}
```





## ■ Per Vertex output:

- ◆ e.g.: `out vec2 texCoord[];`
- ◆ Can only write to active ID  
`texCoord[gl_InvocationID]`

## ■ Per Patch output:

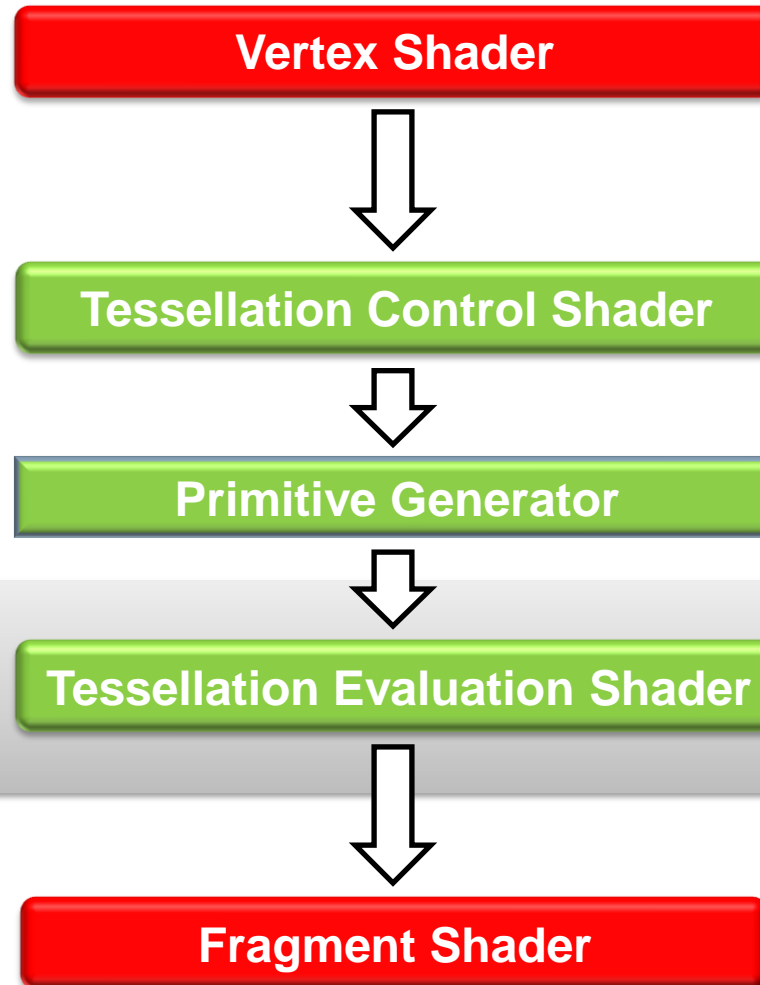
- ◆ e.g.: `patch out vec4 data;`

## ■ Synchronization:

- ◆ When reading the current output variables
- ◆ `barrier();`







- Takes the result of the tessellation
  - ◆ Abstract position (weighting) inside the patch between  $[0,1]$
- Calculates interpolated position and other per-vertex data
- Generates one Vertex



```
#version 410 core
```

```
// tell PG to emit triangles in counter-clockwise order  
// with equal spacing (try fractional_even_spacing and  
// fractional_odd_spacing, too!)
```

```
layout(triangles, equal_spacing, ccw) in;
```

```
uniform mat4 projMatrix;
```

```
uniform mat4 viewMatrix;
```

```
uniform sampler2D dispTexture; // texture for displacement values
```

```
uniform float displacement_factor;
```

```
// these vertex attributes are passed down from the TCS
```

```
in vec4 in_Position_ES[];
```

```
in vec2 in_TextCoord_ES[];
```

```
out vec2 in_TextCoord_FS; // the only attribute we'll need later in the FS
```



## ■ Parameters:

- ◆ `layout(param1, param2, ...) in;`
- ◆ Patch type: `isolines`, `triangles`, `quads`
- ◆ Spacing: between Vertices
- ◆ Primitive ordering `cw` or `ccw` for face culling

## ■ Inputs:

- ◆ Per vertex and per patch input from the Tessellation Control Shader (TCS)
- ◆ `gl_TessCoord` location in the abstract patch



```
// Interpolate values v0-v2 based on the barycentric coordinates  
// of the current vertex within the triangle
```

```
vec2 interpolate2D(vec2 v0, vec2 v1, vec2 v2) {  
    return  vec2(gl_TessCoord.x) * v0 +  
           vec2(gl_TessCoord.y) * v1 +  
           vec2(gl_TessCoord.z) * v2;  
}
```

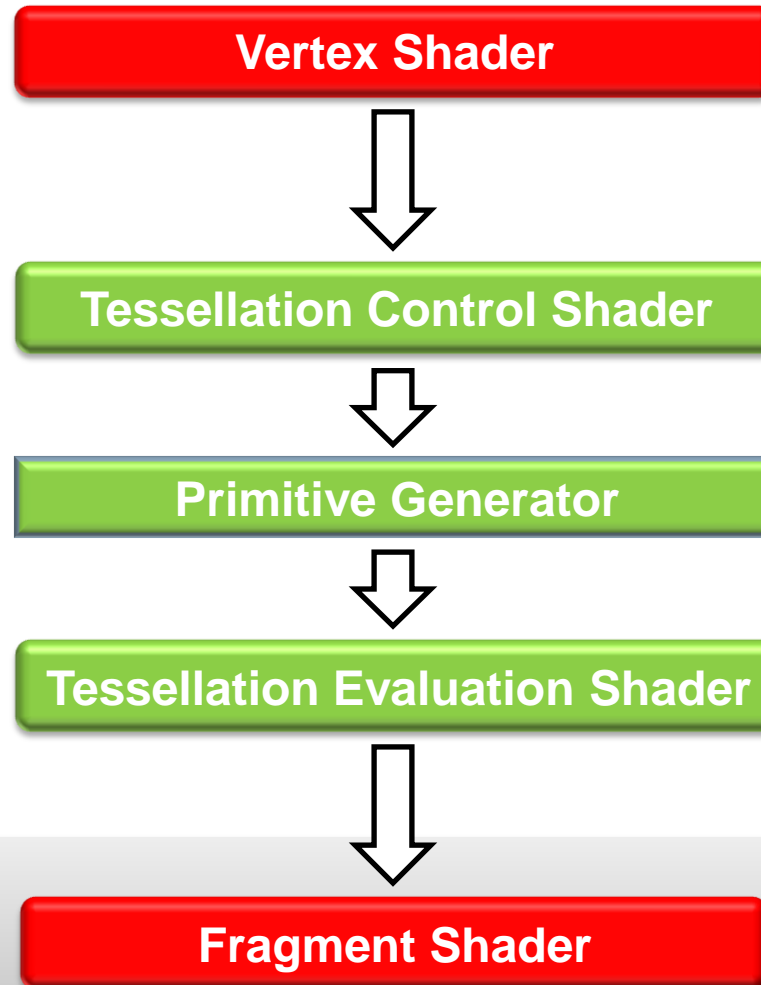
```
// Interpolate values v0-v2 based on the barycentric coordinates  
// of the current vertex within the triangle
```

```
vec3 interpolate3D(vec3 v0, vec3 v1, vec3 v2) {  
    return  vec3(gl_TessCoord.x) * v0 +  
           vec3(gl_TessCoord.y) * v1 +  
           vec3(gl_TessCoord.z) * v2;  
}
```



```
void main(void) {  
    // Interpolate attribs of output vertex using its barycentric coords  
    vec4 position = vec4( interpolate3D( in_Position_ES[0].xyz,  
        in_Position_ES[1].xyz, in_Position_ES[2].xyz ), 1.0);  
    vec2 textCoord = interpolate2D(in_TextCoord_ES[0], in_TextCoord_ES[1],  
        in_TextCoord_ES[2]);  
  
    // Displace the vertex along the WS y-axis  
    float displacement = texture(dispTexture, textCoord).x;  
    position.y += displacement * displacement_factor;  
  
    // transform to NDC  
    gl_Position = projMatrix * viewMatrix * WS_vertex_pos_tess;  
    in_TextCoord_FS = textCoord; // pass texture coordinate to FS  
}
```





```
#version 410 core

uniform sampler2D colorTexture; // color texture

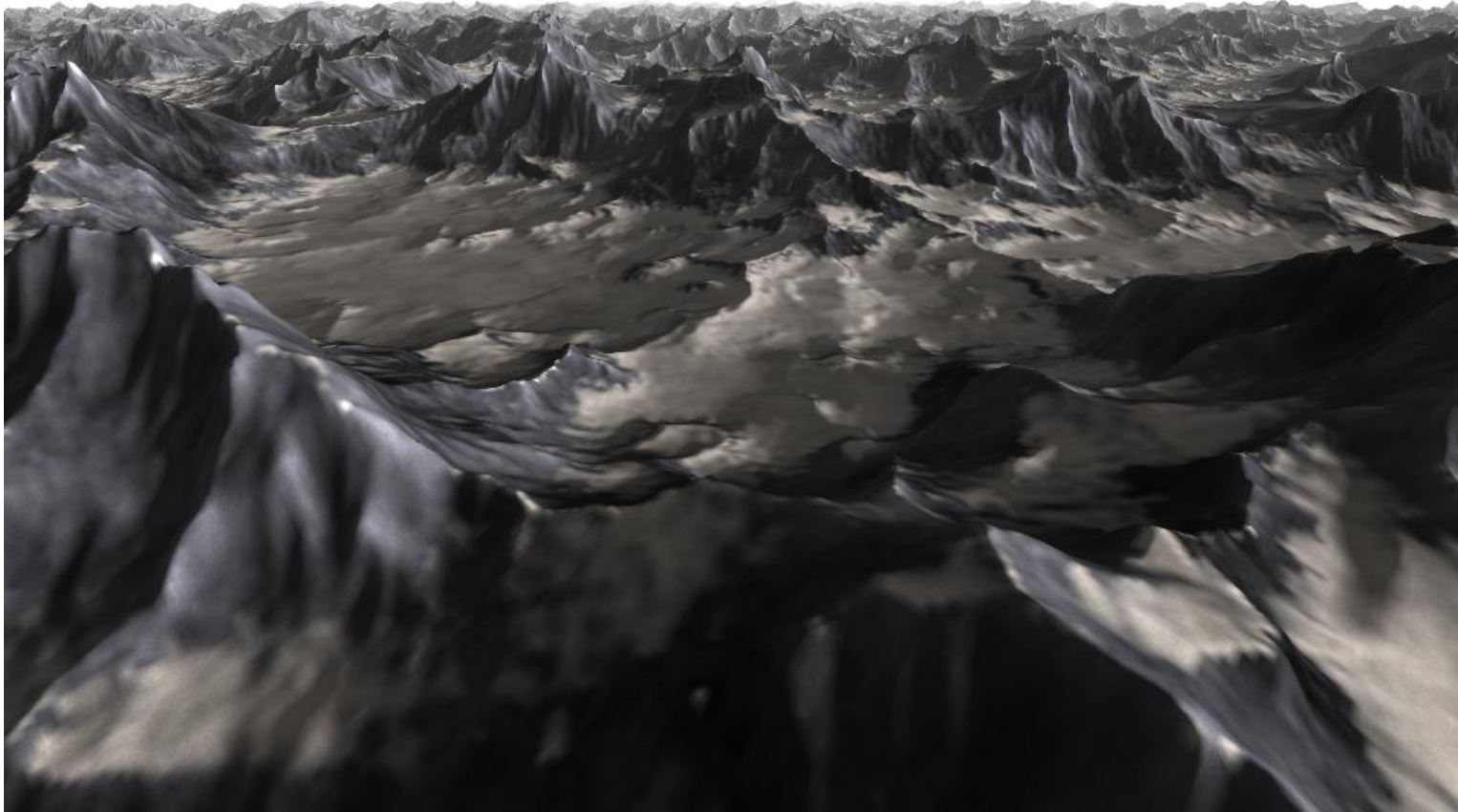
in vec2 in_TextCoord_FS; // passed down from the TES

out vec4 out_Color; // the final fragment color

void main(void) {
    out_Color = texture(colorTexture, in_TextCoord_FS);
}
```







<http://codeflow.org/entries/2010/nov/07/opengl-4-tessellation/>





<http://www.geforce.com/games-applications/pc-applications/fermi-water-demo>





<http://www.cg.tuwien.ac.at/research/publications/2013/JAHRMANN-2013-IGR/>



- <https://www.opengl.org/wiki/Tessellation>
- Tutorials:
  - ◆ [ogldev.atspace.co.uk/www/tutorial30/tutorial30.html](http://ogldev.atspace.co.uk/www/tutorial30/tutorial30.html)
  - ◆ [prideout.net/blog/?p=48](http://prideout.net/blog/?p=48)
  - ◆ [www.geeks3d.com/20100730/test-first-contact-with-opengl-4-0-gpu-tessellation/](http://www.geeks3d.com/20100730/test-first-contact-with-opengl-4-0-gpu-tessellation/)
  - ◆ [web.engr.oregonstate.edu/~mjb/cs519/Handouts/tessellation.6pp.pdf](http://web.engr.oregonstate.edu/~mjb/cs519/Handouts/tessellation.6pp.pdf)
  - ◆ [rastergrid.com/blog/2010/09/history-of-hardware-tessellation/](http://rastergrid.com/blog/2010/09/history-of-hardware-tessellation/)

