

Visualisierung – Aktuelle Themen und Trends

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- Vis-group at Vienna University of Technology
- Brief Comments on Visualization
- Challenges in Visualization



The vis-group



Austrian Academy of Sciences



Virtual Reality and Visualization Research Center



General Hospital Vienna



University of Bergen Norway



PHILIPS Medical Systems



Upper Austria University of Applied Sciences



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- Challenges in Visualization



“The use of computer-supported, interactive, visual representations of (abstract) data to amplify cognition”

- **computer-based** - new medium
- **interactive** - direct manipulation & animation
- **visual representations** - use human perception
- **data** - task specific
- **amplify cognition** - helping people to think



Visualization – Three Major Areas

■ Three major areas

◆ Volume
Visualization

◆ Flow
Visualization

**Scientific
Visualization**

Inherent spatial
reference

3D

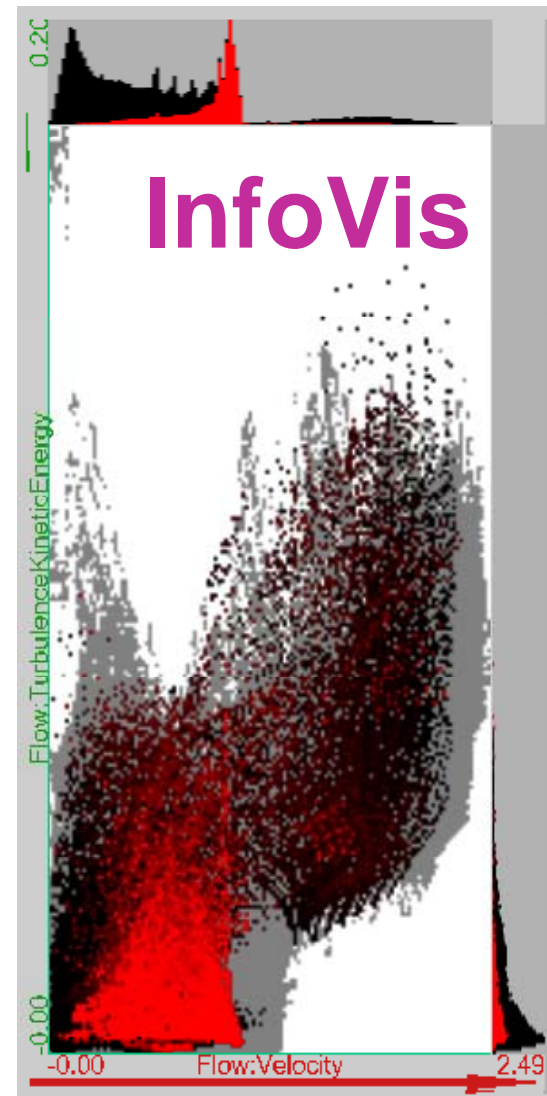
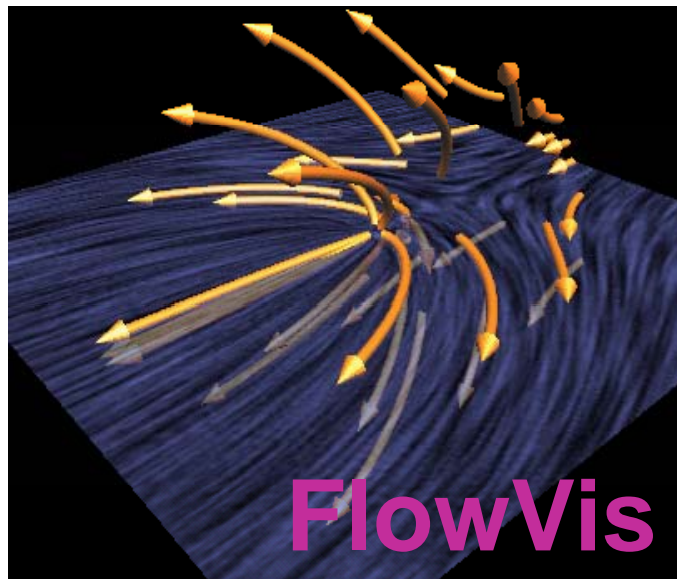
◆ **Information
Visualization**

nD

Usually no spatial
reference



Visualization Examples



- Abstract data
 - n-dimensional
 - Very important:
 - ◆ Visual metaphor
 - ◆ User interaction
 - ◆ **Exploration,**
Analysis,
Presentation
- Concrete Data
 - 2- oder 3-
dimensional,
time related?
 - Very important:
 - ◆ 3D-rendering
 - ◆ Fast rendering
 - ◆ **Analysis,**
Exploration,
Presentation



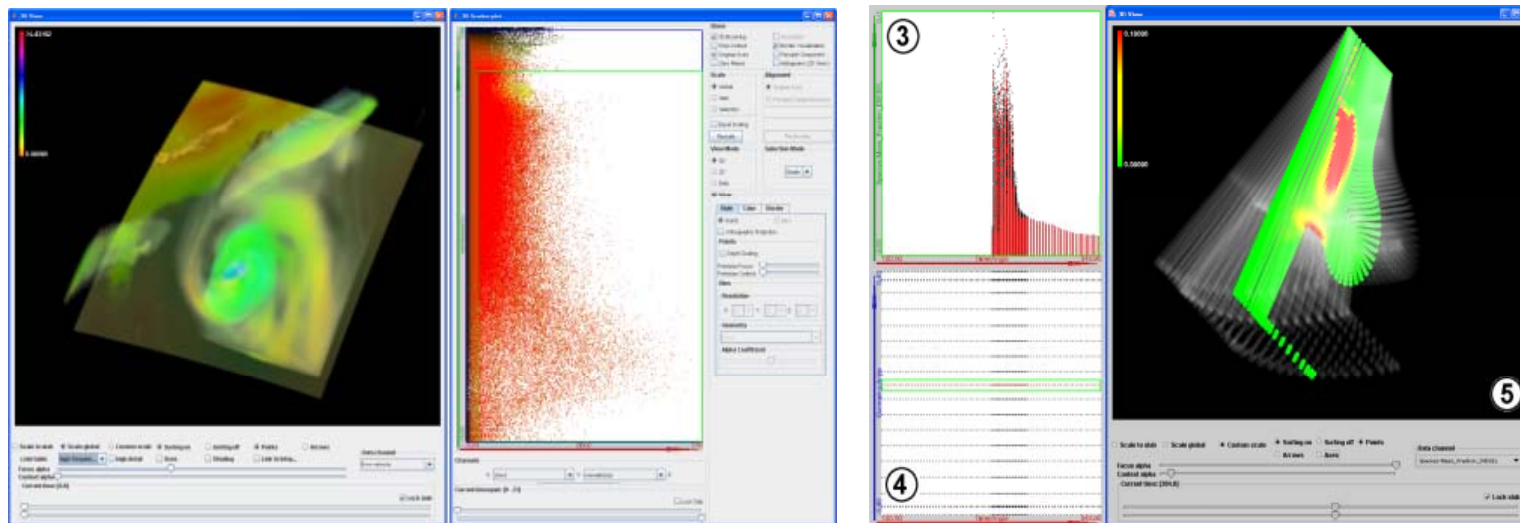
- Vis-group at Vienna University of Technology
- Brief comments on Visualization
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- Scientific Visualization ↔ Information Visualization



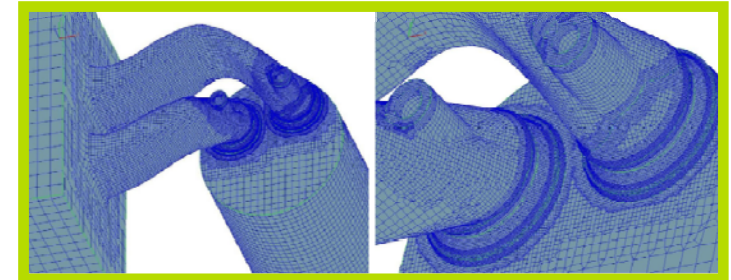
SimVis: Interactive Visual Analysis of Large & Complex Simulation Data



Dr. Helmut Doleisch
VRVis Research Center

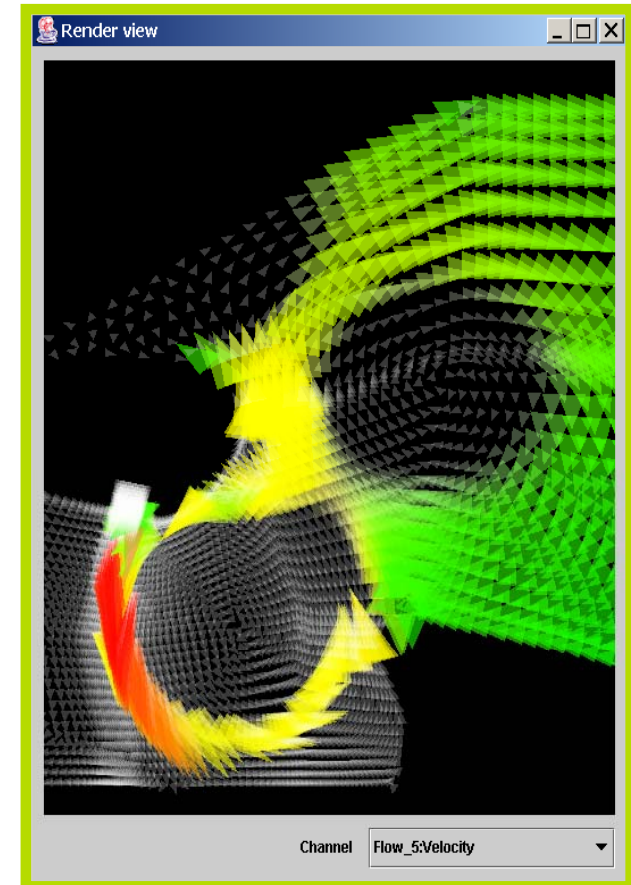
The Beginning: CFD Data

- computational fluid dynamics simulation
- data resulting from CFD:
 - grid-based geometry
 - scalar and vector data per grid element (cell or vertex)
 - time-dependent results
 - time-varying grid geometries
- data characteristics:
 - multi-dimensional data
 - large data sets ($\#cells * \#timesteps * \#dim.$)
 - data ranges differ by many magnitudes



Motivation

- large data sets from simulation
- **goal:** support **exploration** and **analysis** of results
 - analyze n-dim. data **interactively**
 - use **3D visualization**
 - **overview, zoom** and **filter, detail** on demand (Shneidermans' information seeking mantra)
- **challenge:**
 - occlusion
 - interactive data handling



Interactive Data Handling

- sample data set size:
 - 540 million data items
 - currently working to expand to billions

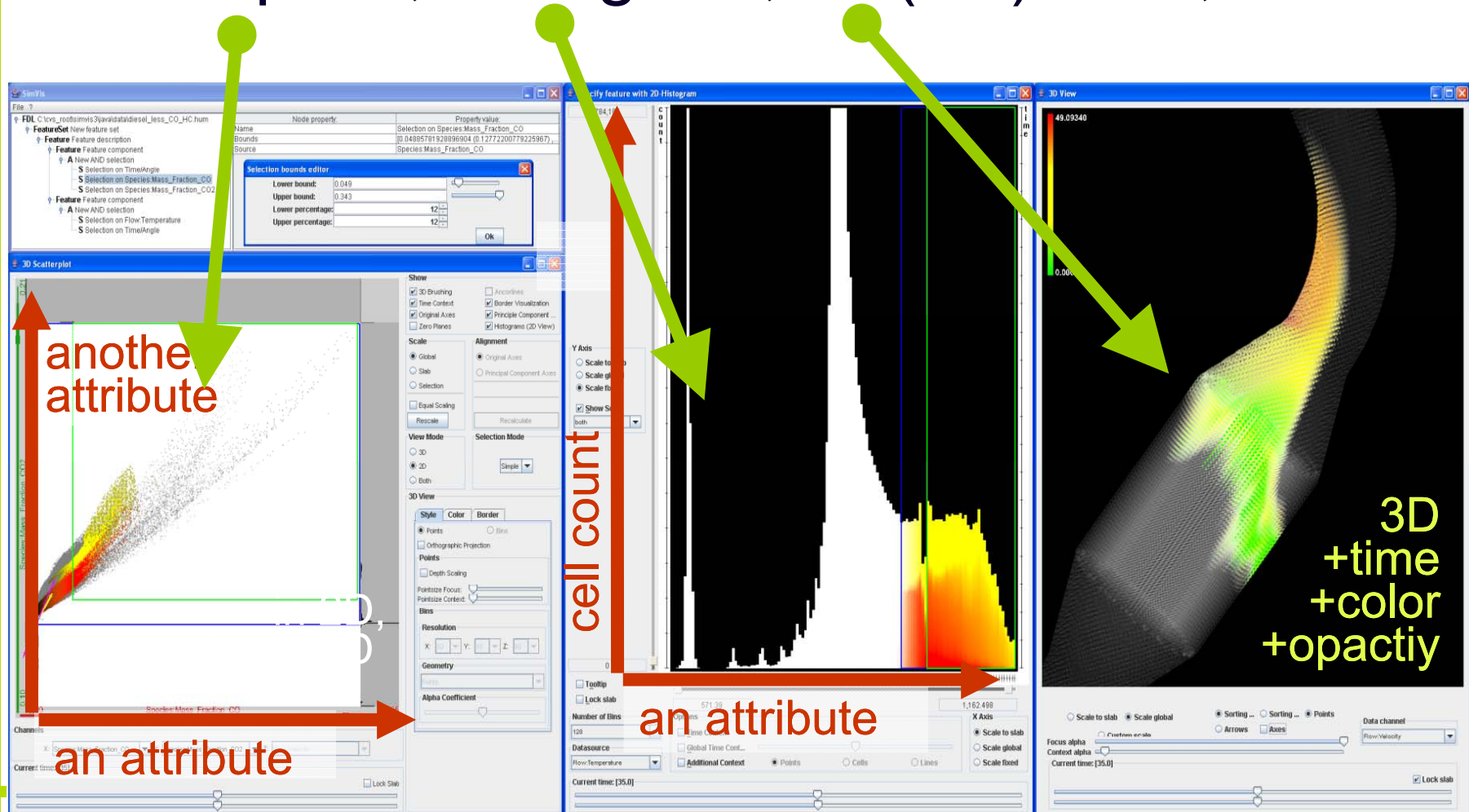
cells	timesteps	attributes	cells * timesteps	cells * timesteps * attributes
704.900	20	16	14.098.000	225.568.000
150.124	600	6	90.074.400	540.446.400
7.680.000	288	15	2.211.840.000	33.177.600.000

SimVis

- VRVis' solution for these challenges
- Feature-based visualization framework
- SimVis key features:
 - Multiple, linked views
 - Interactive feature specification
 - Focus+Context visualization
 - Smooth feature boundaries
 - Explicit feature representation
 - On-the-fly attribute derivation

SimVis: Multiple Views

Scatterplots, histogram, 3D(4D) view, etc.



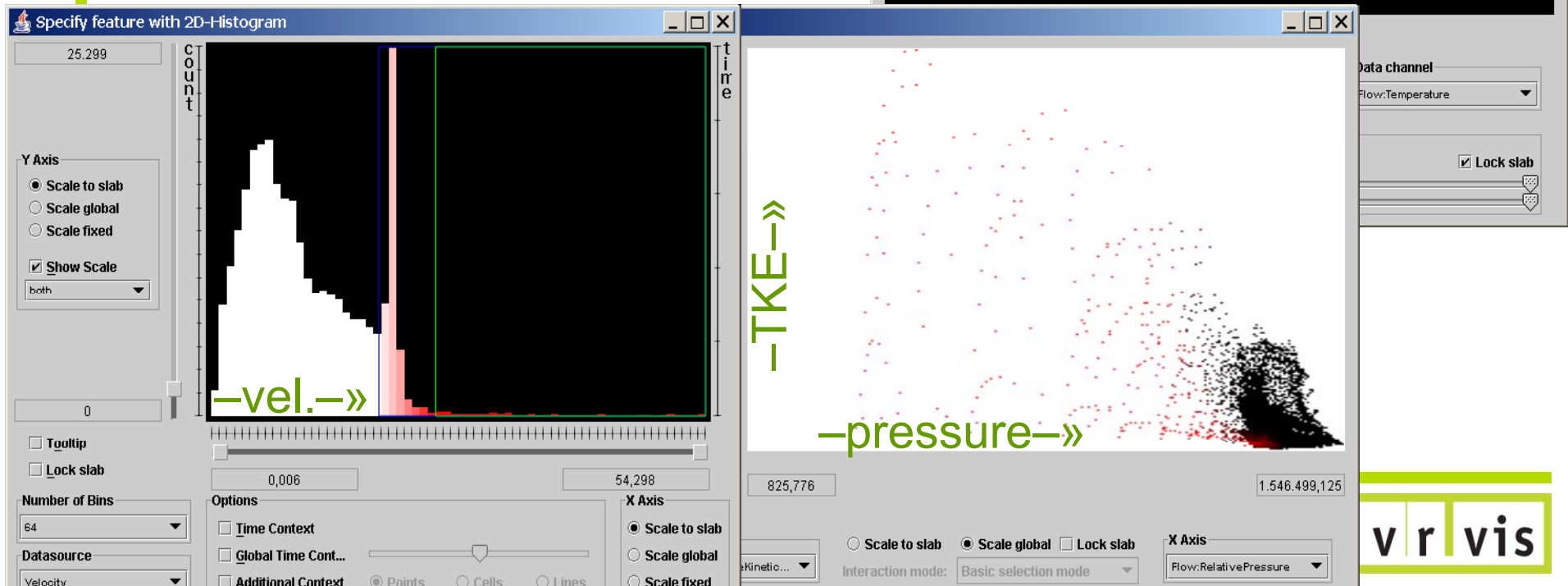
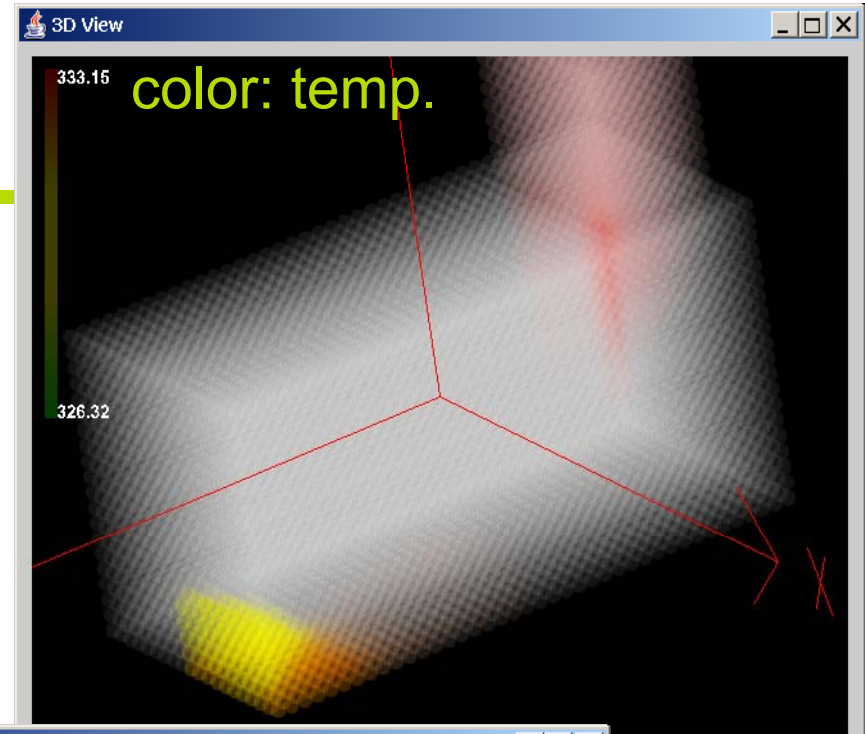
Helmut Doleisch
<http://www.simvis.at/>

SimVis: Interactive Visual Analysis of Large & Complex
Simulation Data

v | r | v | i | s

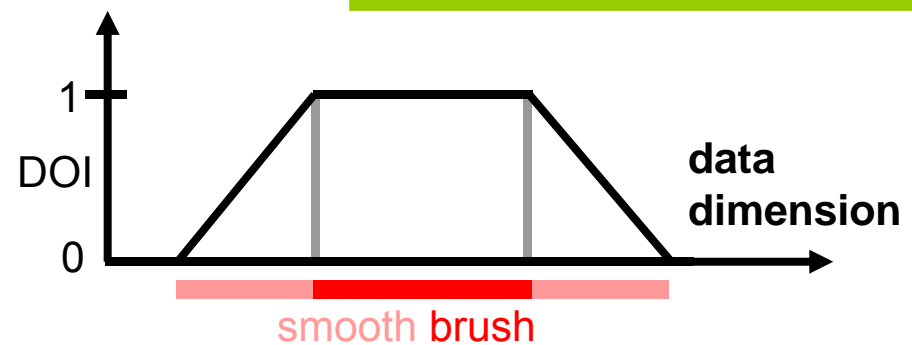
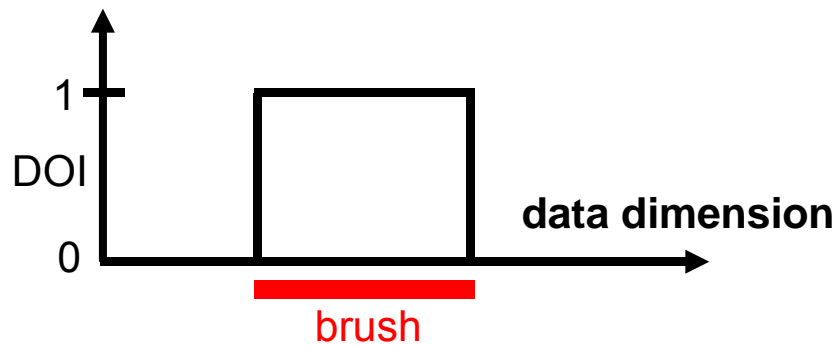
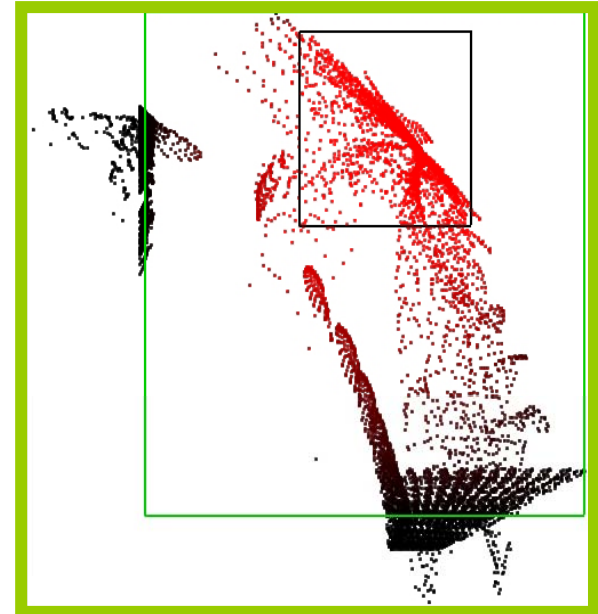
Brushing

- Move/alter/extend brush interactively
- Update linked F+C views in real-time

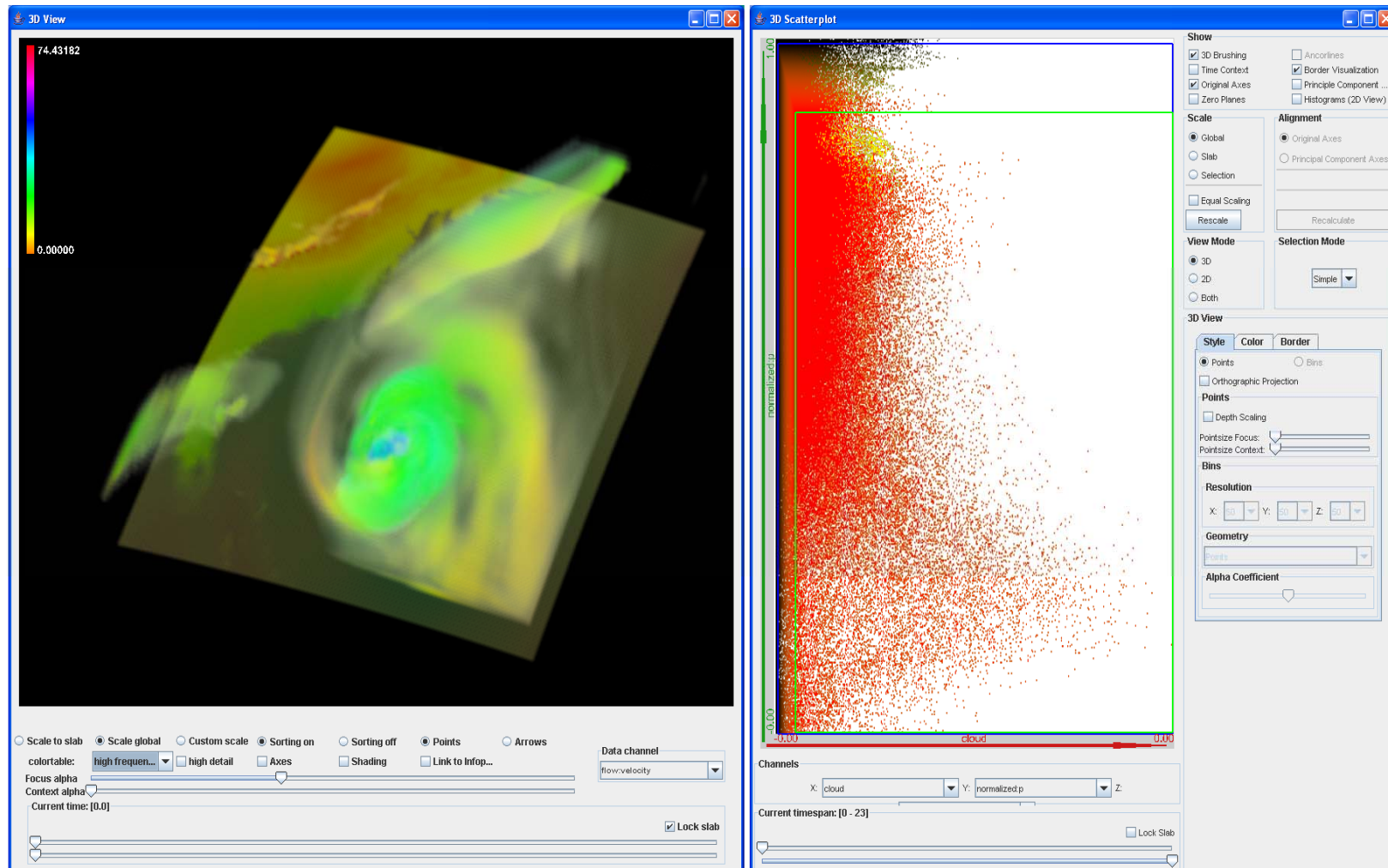


Brushing extensions: smooth brushing

- simulation data is often rather smoothly distributed →
 - we use smooth brushing, resulting in continuous mapping to the $[0,1]$ range



Brushing extensions: smooth brushing



- Scientific Visualization ↔ Information Visualization
- New Data Sources - Novel Imaging Modalities
-
-
-
-

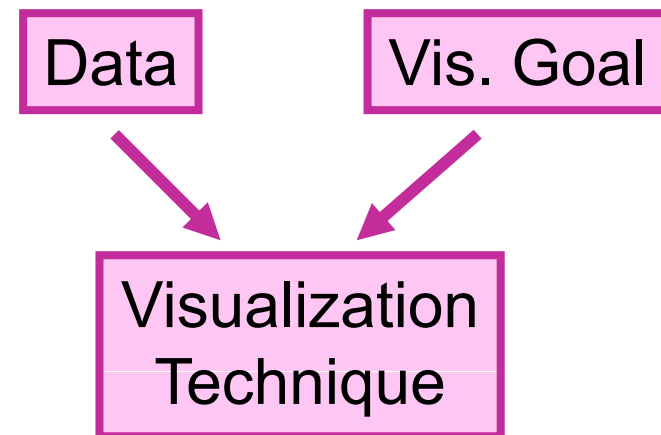


■ Challenges

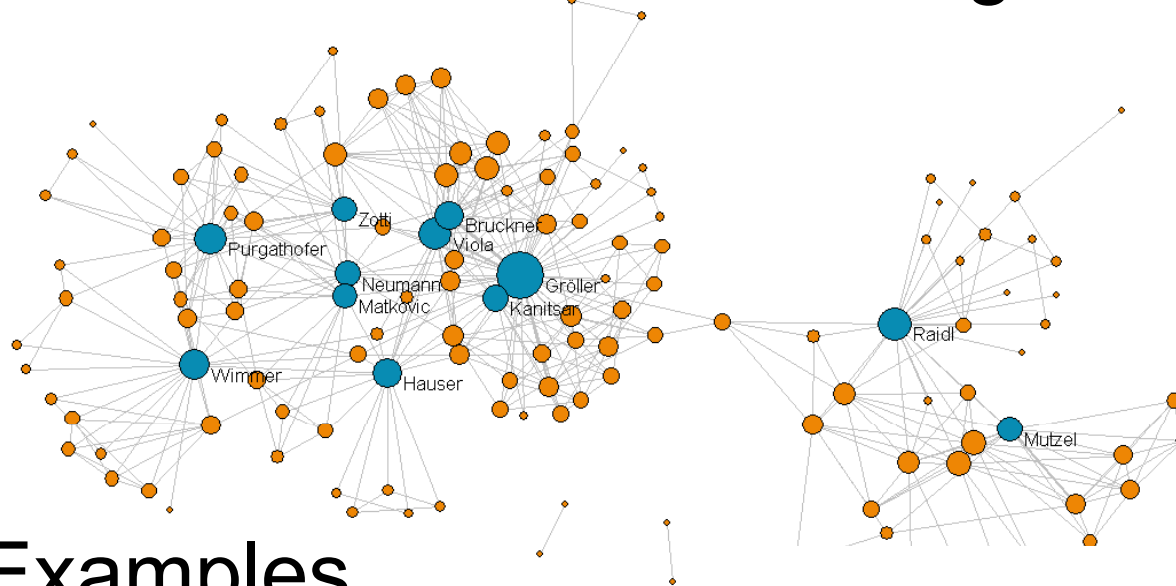
- ◆ Very large (abstract) data sets
- ◆ High-dimensional, multi-valued, multi-modal, heterogeneous
- ◆ Time varying
 - Spatially sparse/dense, temporally sparse/dense
 - Need for registration
 - Need for feature extraction

■ Examples

- ◆ Web 2.0
- ◆ Dual energy CT



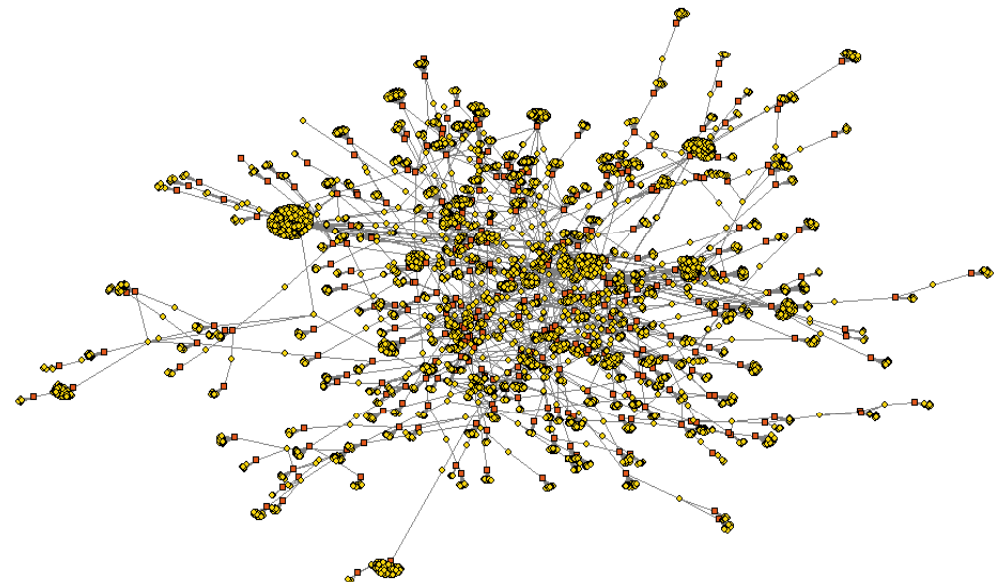
- Social networks, wikis, blogs, data warehouses



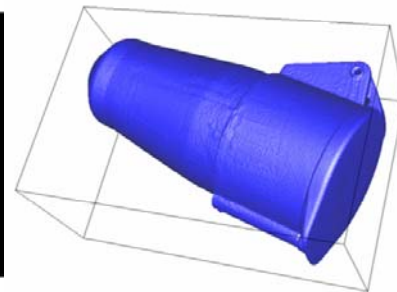
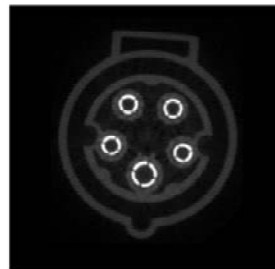
[Pfeffer 2007]

■ Examples

- ◆ MySpace
- ◆ LinkedIn
- ◆ Flickr
- ◆ YouTube



- Micro CT – Industrial CT
- Two X-ray sources
- Metrology and dimensional measurement
- Multi-materials
- Res: 508x523x61
- Voxelsize (μm) 200
- Data have complimentary strengths and weaknesses



[Heinzl et al. 2007]



- Scientific Visualization ↔ Information Visualization
- New Data Sources - Novel Imaging Modalities
- **Visual Analytics** - Visual Computing – Knowledge Assisted Visualization



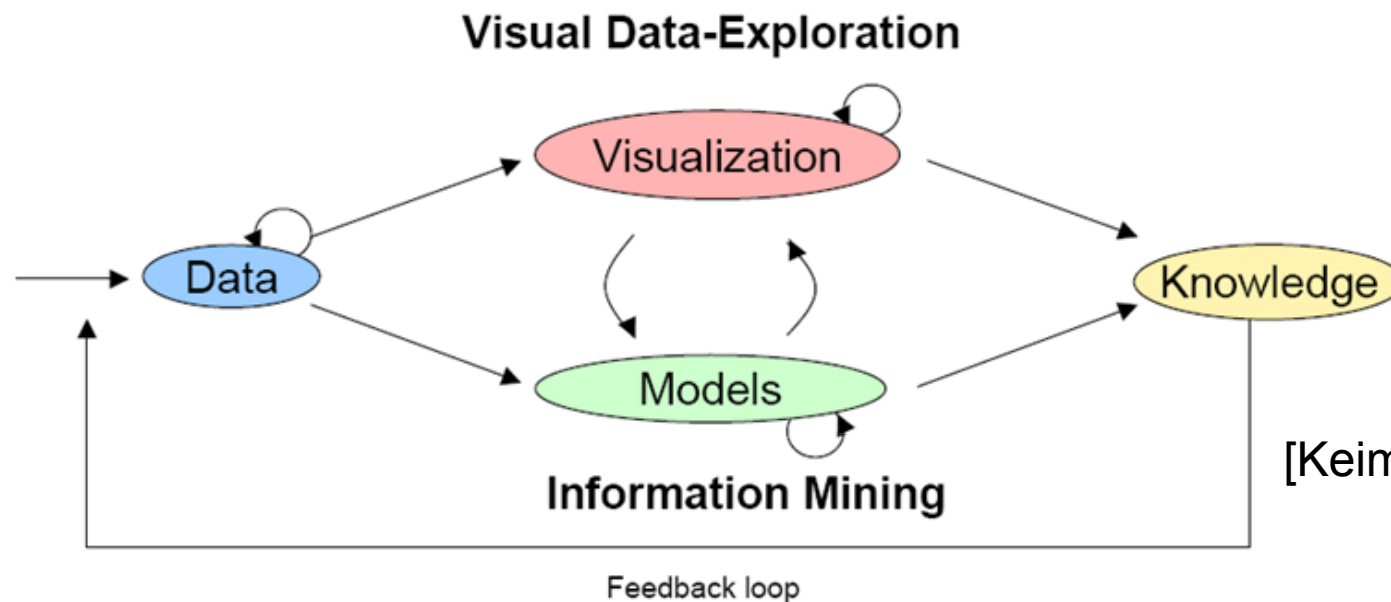
“Visual Analytics is the science of analytical reasoning facilitated by interactive visual interfaces“

What do we have?

- Automatic Knowledge Discovery & Information Mining
- Interactive Visual Data-Exploration

What do we need?

Tight Integration of Visual and Automatic Data Analysis Methods with Database Technology for a Scalable Interactive Decision Support

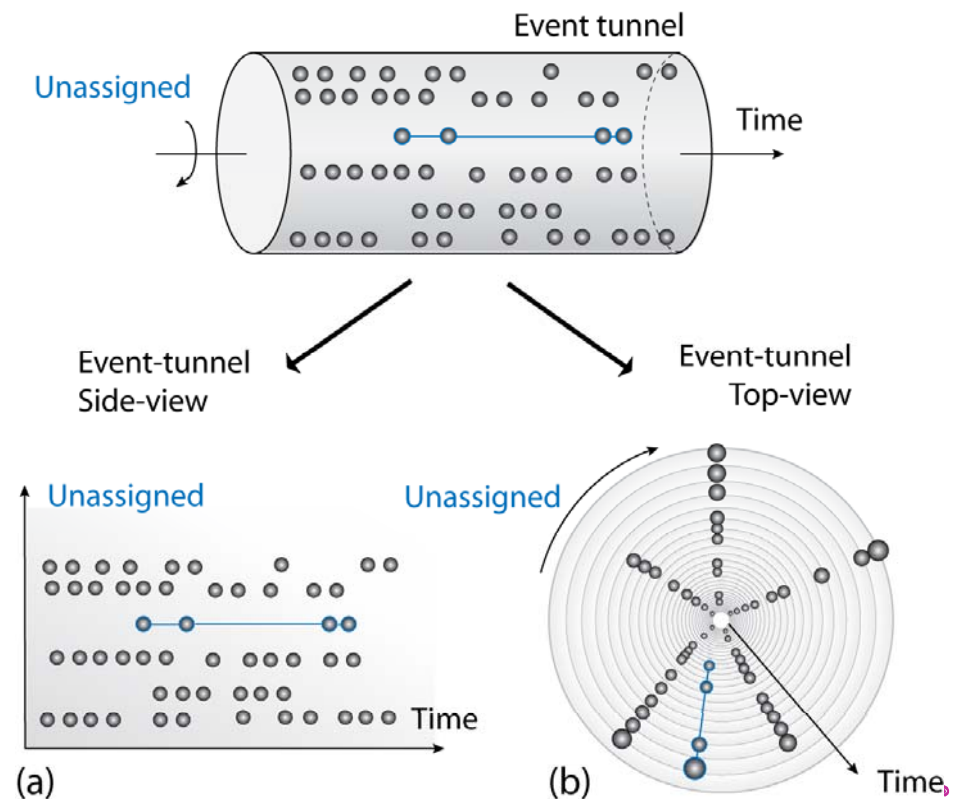
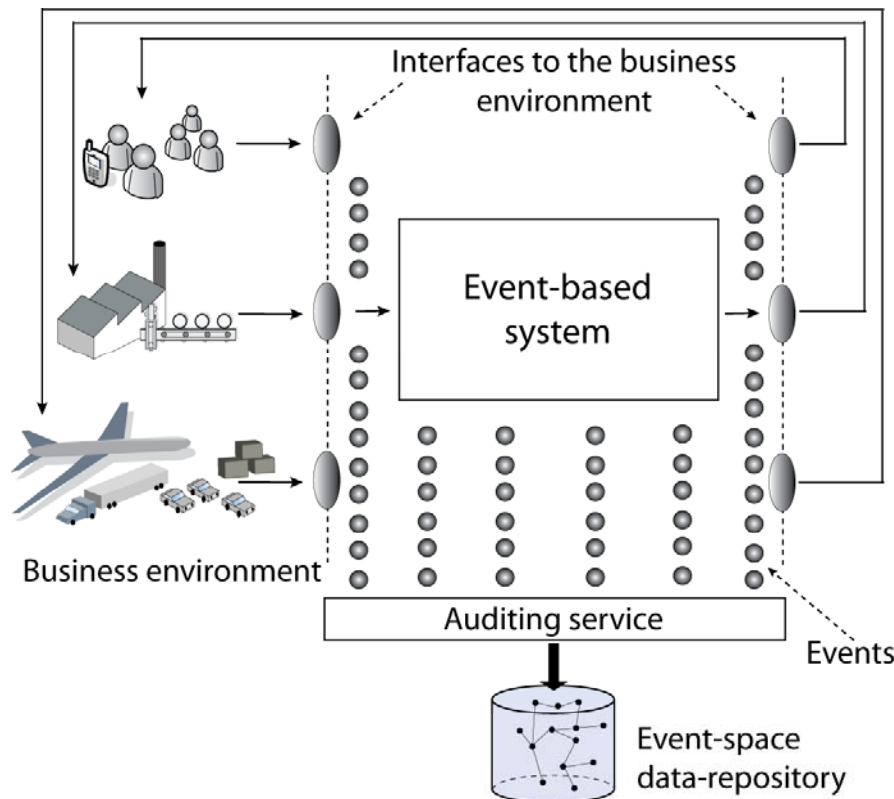


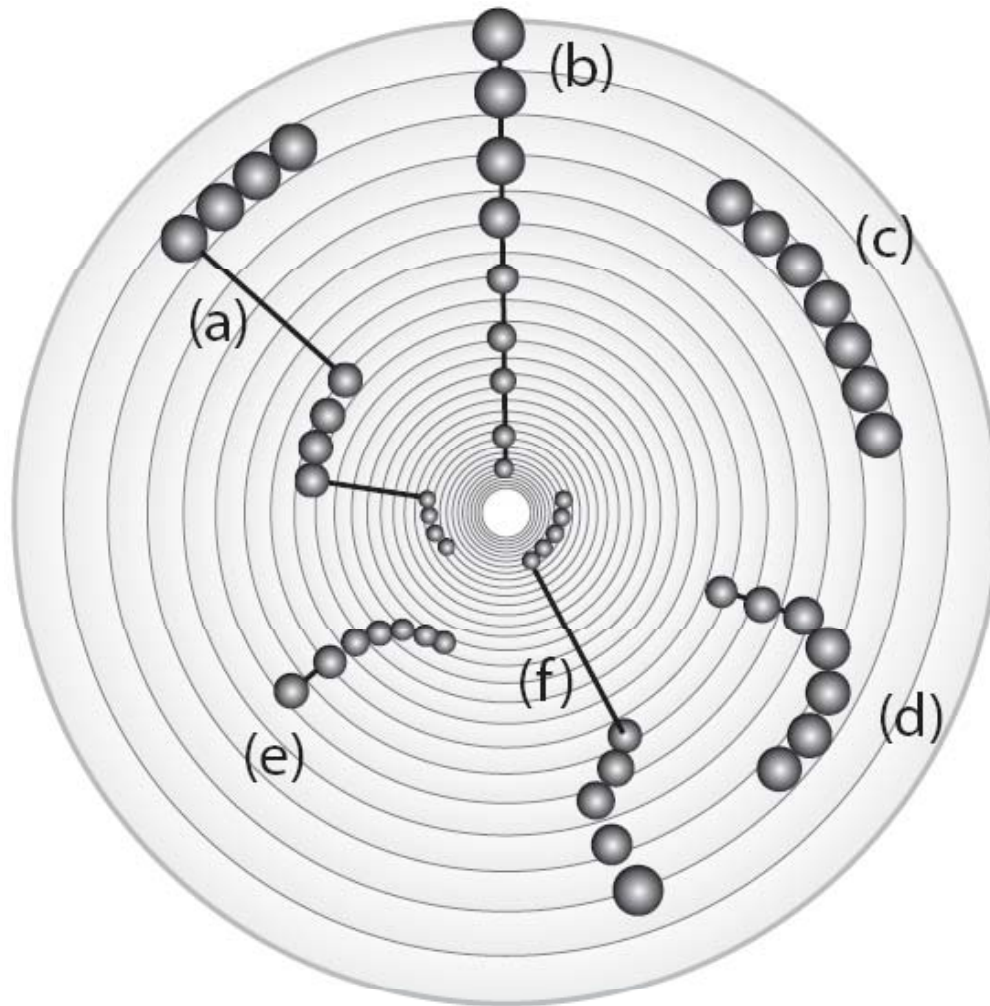
[Keim, Thomas 2007]



■ Interactive Visualization of Complex Event Streams for Business Process Pattern Analysis

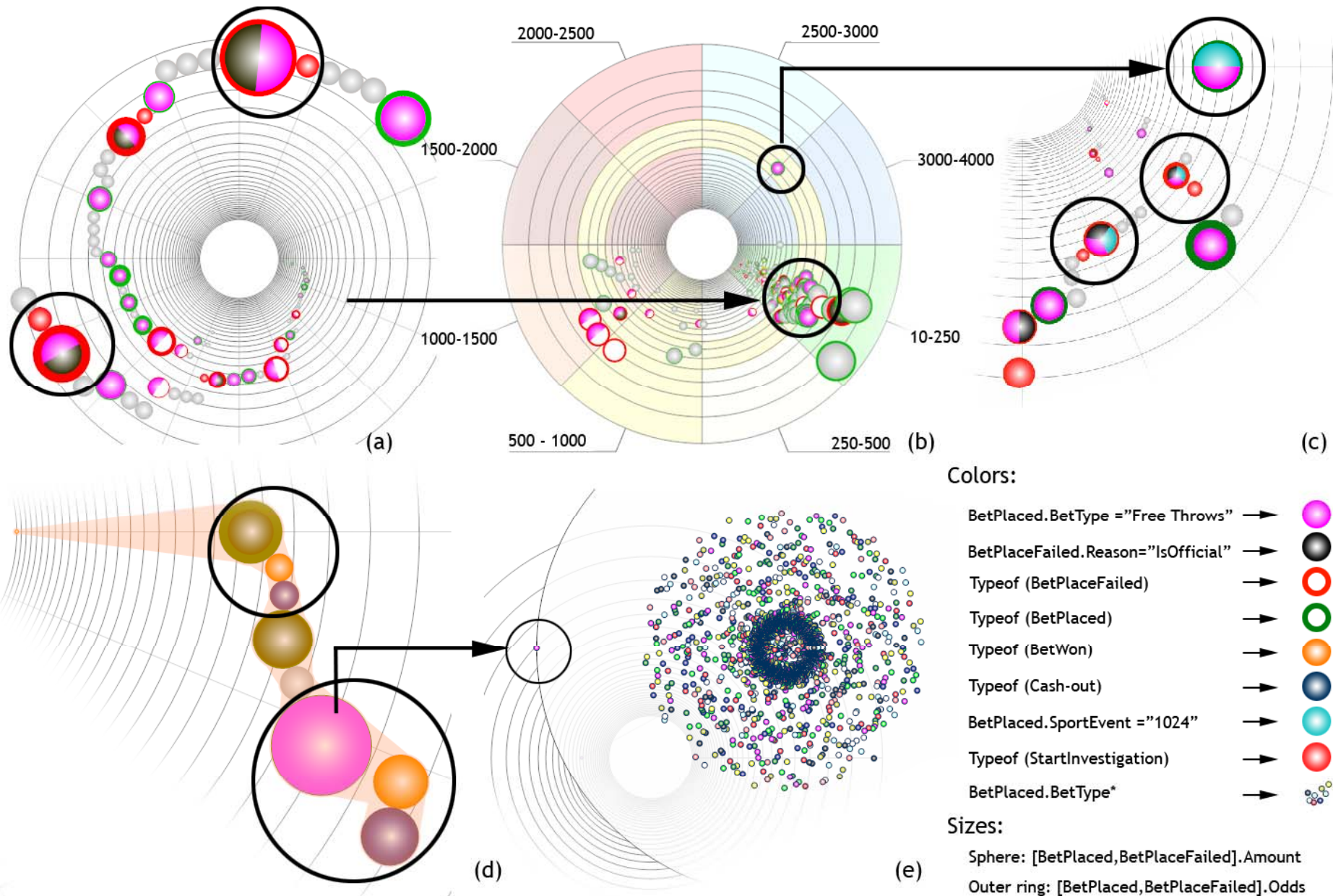
[Suntinger et al. 2008]





- (a) **Stair pattern**
Process with several idle times
- (b) **Non-interfering chain**
Process with regular steps
- (c) **Parallel chain**
Fast process without idle times
- (d) **Acceleration worm**
Process execution accelerated continuously
- (e) **Deceleration worm**
Process execution decelerated continuously
- (f) **Rattlesnake**
Process with one extreme idle time

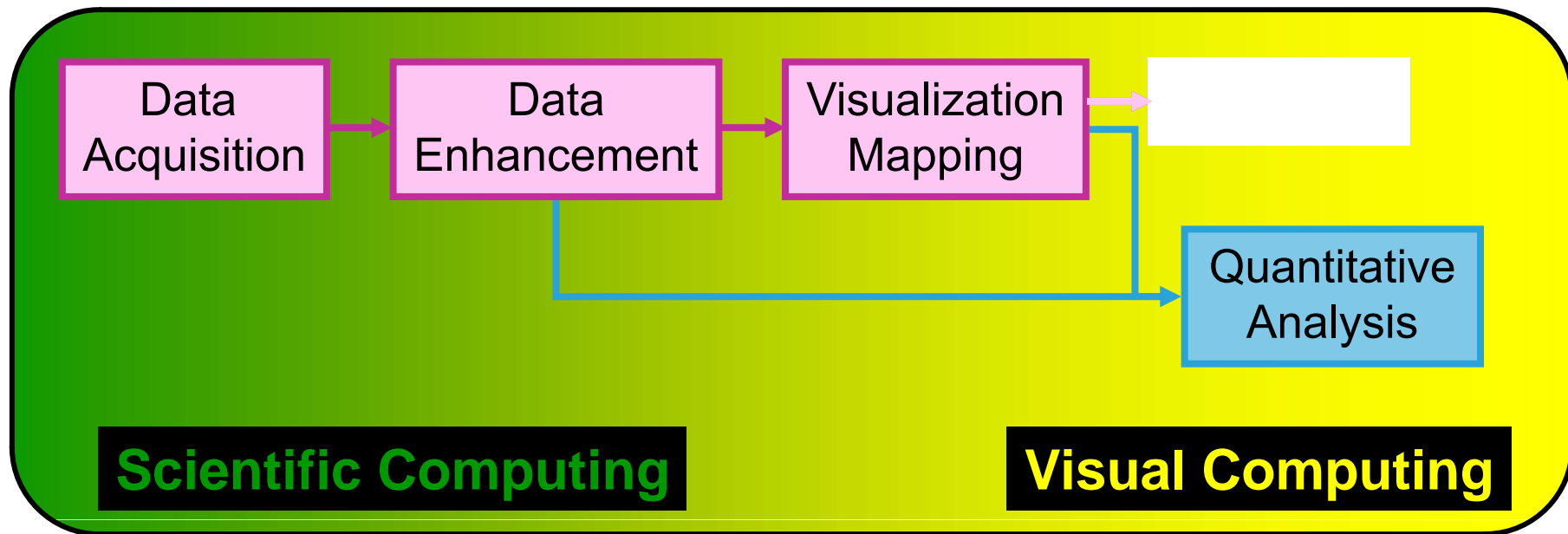
Visual Analytics – The Event Tunnel (3)



- Scientific Visualization ↔ Information Visualization
- New Data Sources - Novel Imaging Modalities
- Visual Analytics - **Visual Computing** – Knowledge Assisted Visualization



Computational Sciences

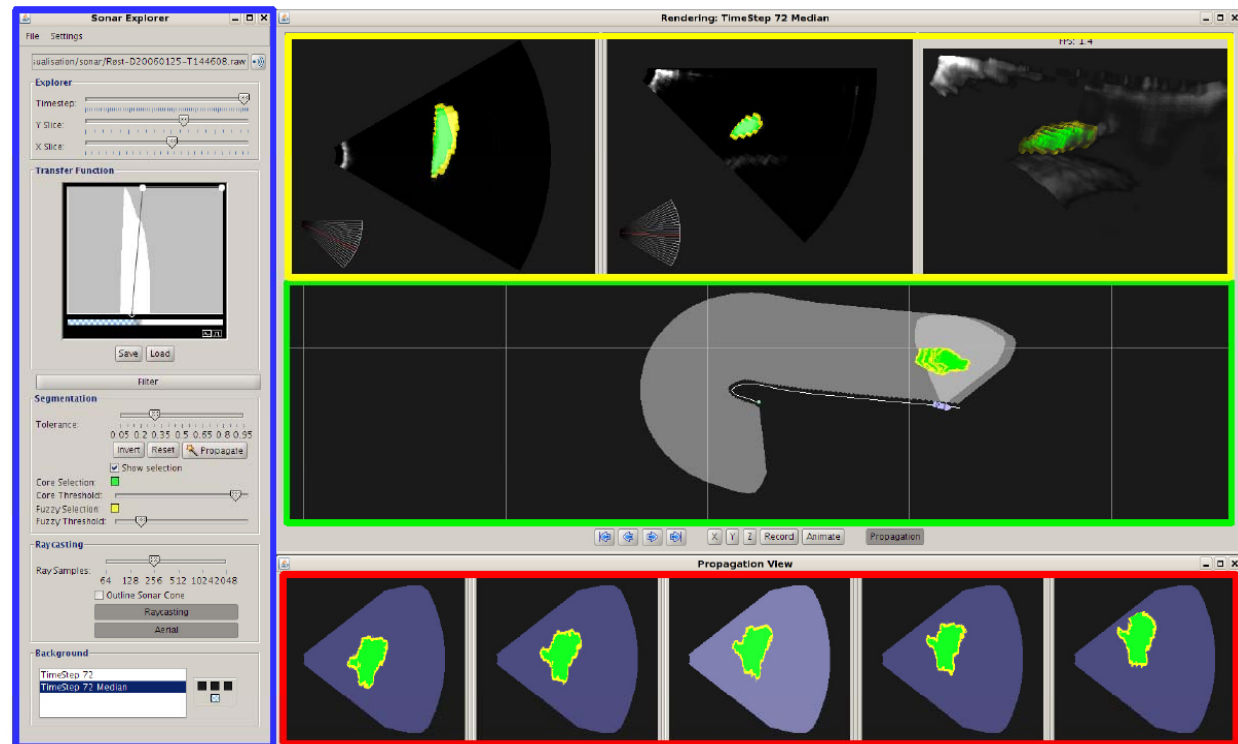


- Visual Computing
 - ◆ Scientific visualization
 - ◆ Computer vision
 - ◆ Human computer interaction

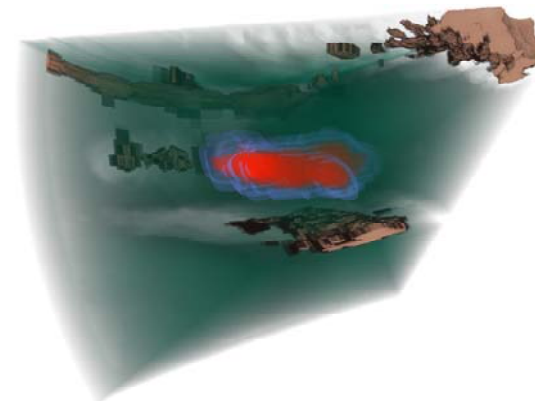


Visual Computing – Sonar Explorer (1)

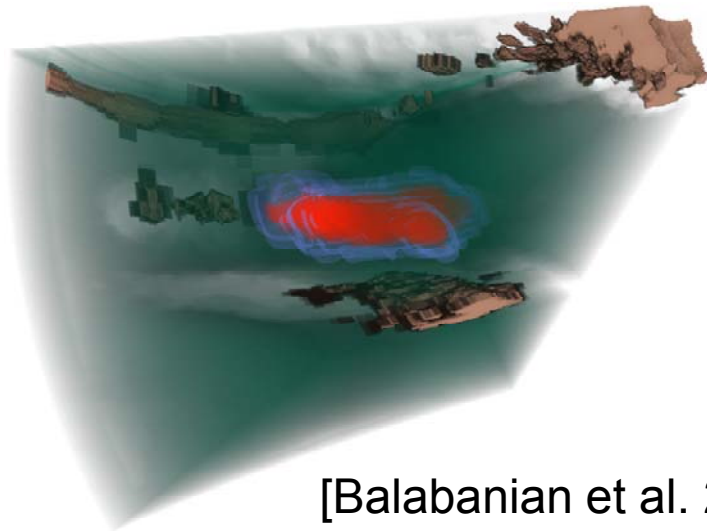
- 4D sonar data
- Cones with res: 25x20x1319
- Ping rate 1 Hz
- 2 GB/ping
- Time steps overlapping
- Highly anisotropic
- Noisy
- Signal strength reduced with spreading and absorption



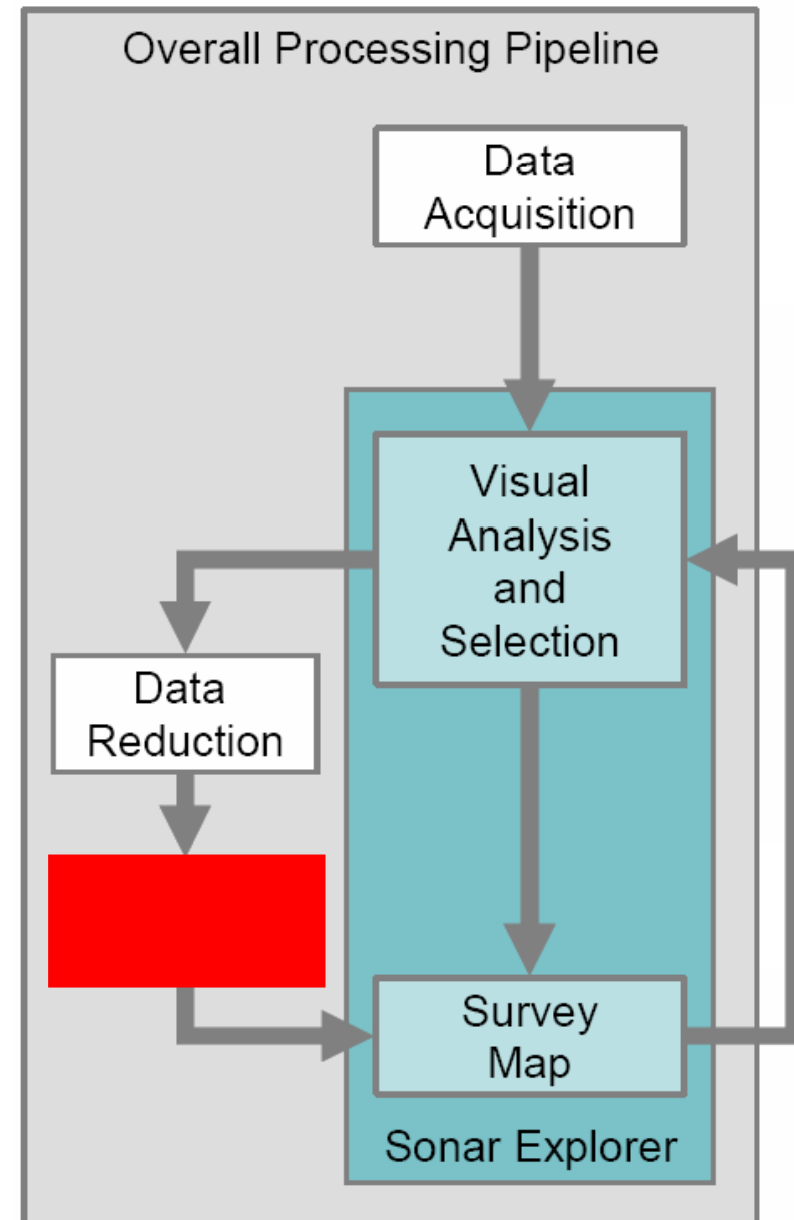
[Balabanian et al. 2007]



- Fish school monitoring
 - ◆ Size of school
 - ◆ Center of gravity
 - ◆ Shape parameters
 - ◆ Motion characteristics



[Balabanian et al. 2007]



- Scientific Visualization ↔ Information Visualization
- New Data Sources - Novel Imaging Modalities
- Visual Analytics - Visual Computing –
Knowledge Assisted Visualization



“Utilize knowledge and information derived from the process of scientific visualization or from abstract data analysis”

■ Challenges

- ◆ Metadata visualization
- ◆ Visualization enabled by
 - topological information of the data
 - statistical information of the data
 - geometric information of the data
 - semantic information of the data
- ◆ Visualization via learning
- ◆ Visualization via shared knowledge in a collaborative setting
- ◆ Knowledge representation for visualization

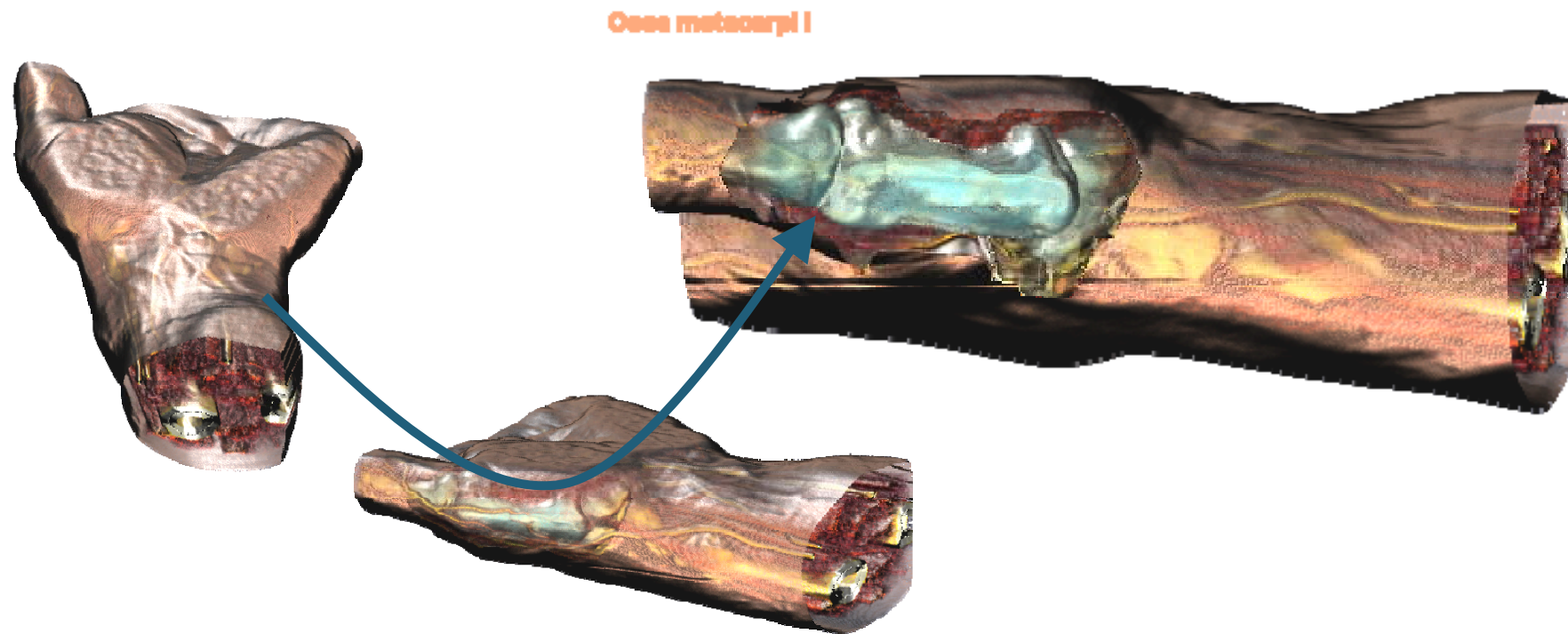
■ Example

- ◆ Automatic view point selection
- ◆ Automatic reporting



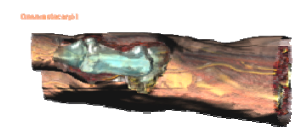
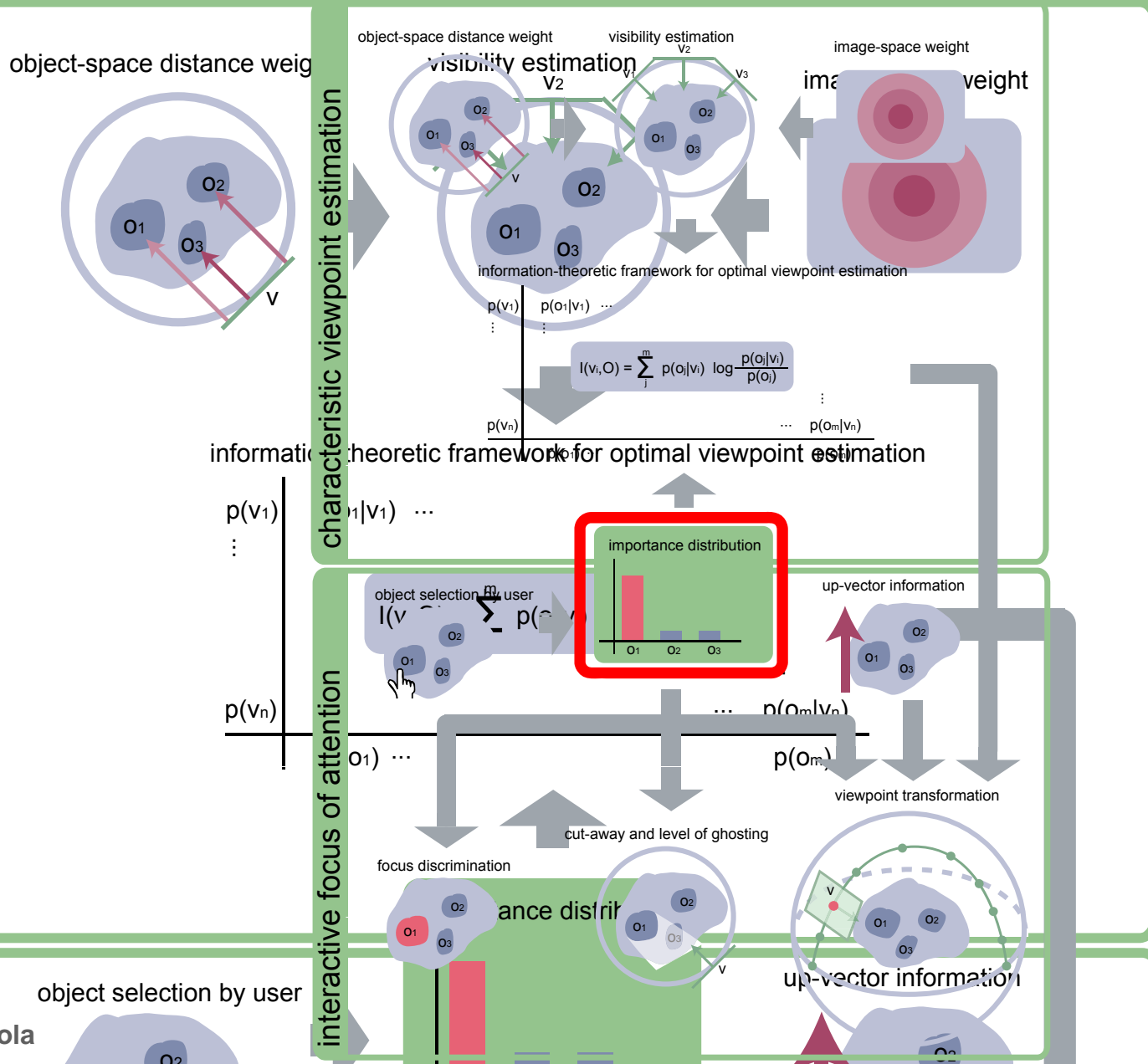
- Guided navigation between characteristic views

[Viola et al. 2006]



KAV - Importance-Driven Focus of Attention (2)

characteristic viewpoint estimation



- Scientific Visualization ↔ Information Visualization
- New Data Sources - Novel Imaging Modalities
- Visual Analytics - Visual Computing – Knowledge Assisted Visualization
- Scalability
-
-



- **Challenges** [Keim, Thomas 2007]
 - ◆ amount of data and dimensionality
 - ◆ numbers of data sources and heterogeneity
 - ◆ data quality and data resolution
 - ◆ dynamicity and novelty
 - ◆ data representation and visual resolution

- **Examples**
 - ◆ Focus+Context
 - ◆ Aggregation
 - ◆ Abstraction and Illustration

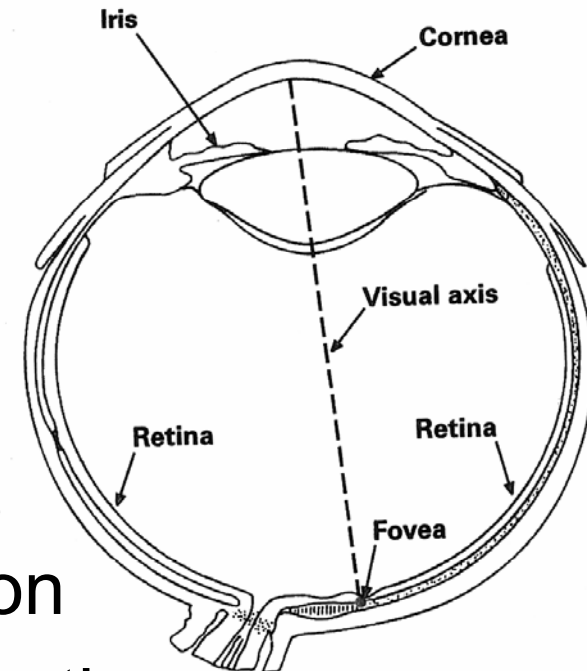


Basic idea of Focus+Context Visualization:

- Important regions in great detail (focus)
- Global view with reduced detail (context)
- Dynamic integration

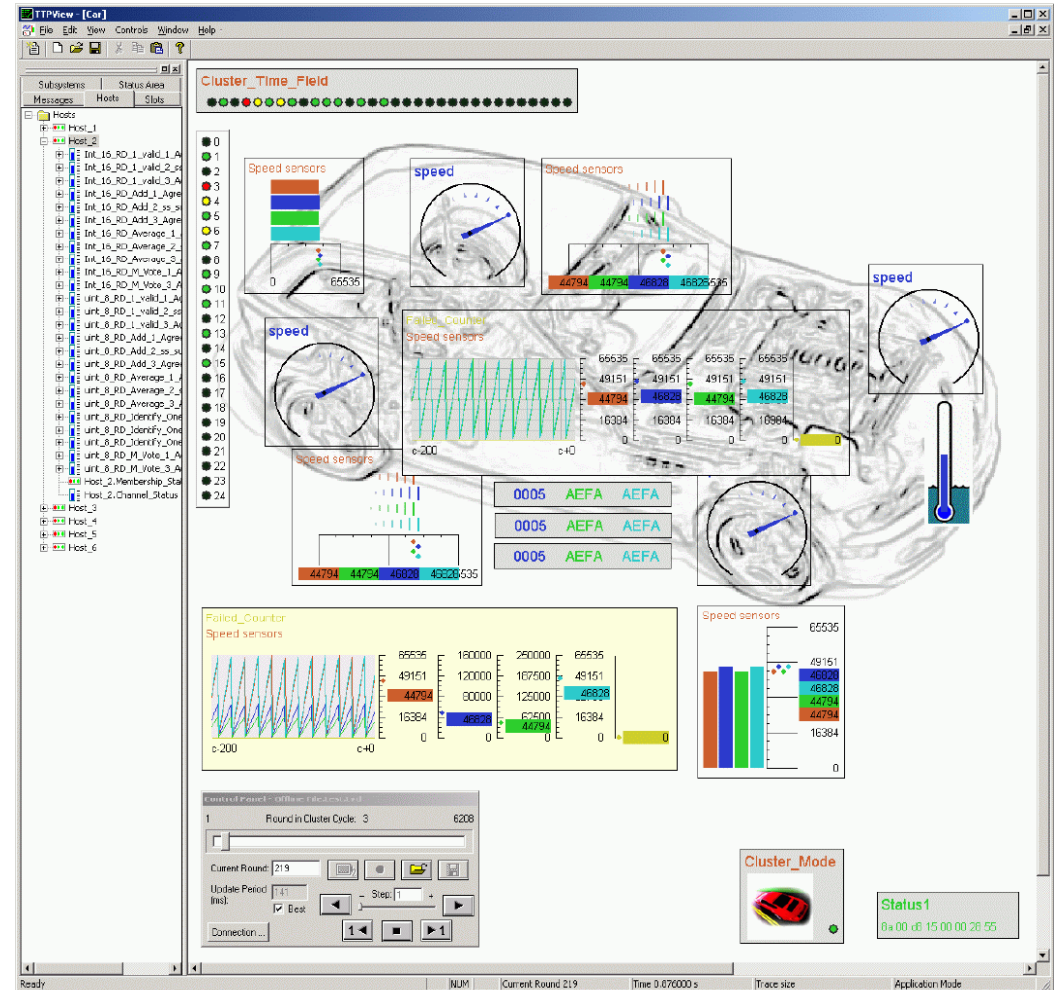
Rationale

- Zooming hides the context
- Two separate displays split attention
- Human vision has both fovea and retina



Scalability - Process Visualization (1)

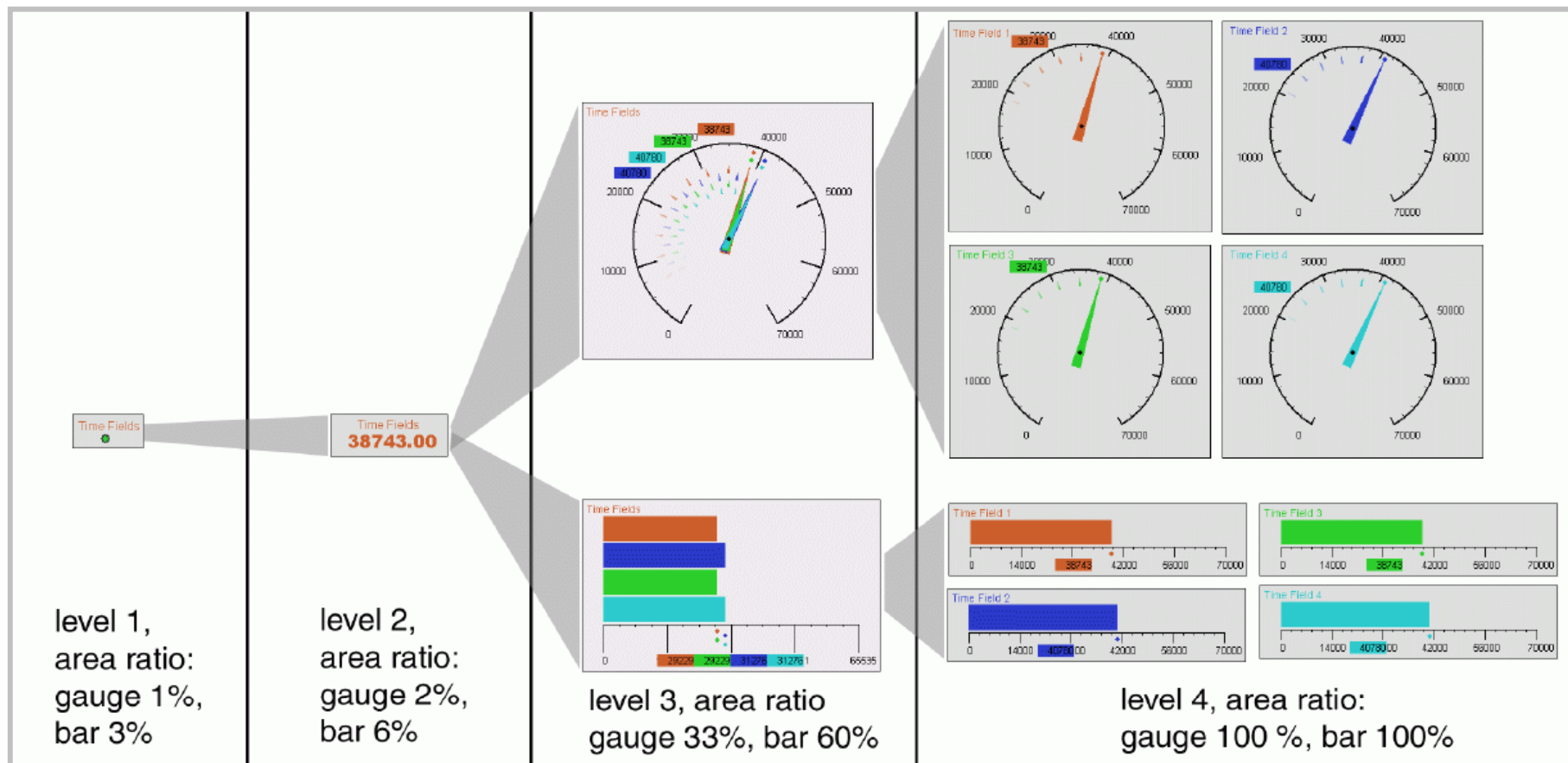
- Improving singular instruments
 - ◆ History encoding
 - ◆ Multi-instruments
 - ◆ Levels of detail (LOD)
- Improving the monitoring system
 - ◆ Focus+Context (F+C) rendering
 - ◆ Collision avoidance



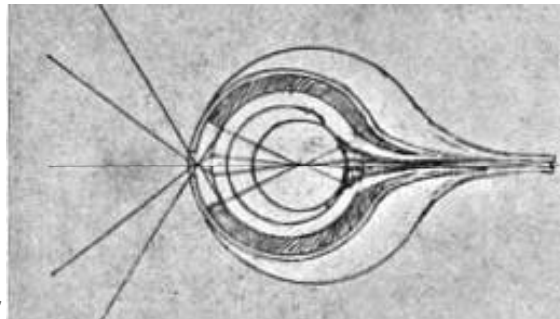
[Matković et al. 2002]



- Various instruments can be used to construct Levels of Detail (LODs)



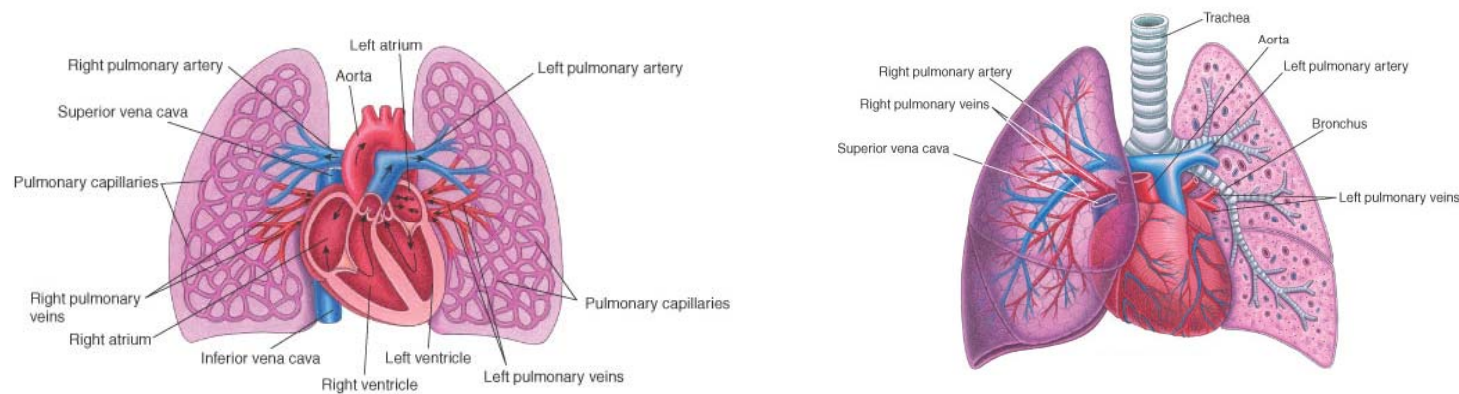
- An illustration is a picture with a communicative intent
- Conveys complex structures or procedures in an easily understandable way
- Uses abstraction to prevent visual overload – allows to focus on the essential parts
- Abstraction is visualized through distinct stylistic choices



Stefan Bruckner



- Fundamental for creating an expressive illustration
- Introduces a distortion between visualization and underlying model
- Different degrees of abstraction introduced at different levels
- Task of an illustrator: find the necessary abstraction for the intent of the illustration

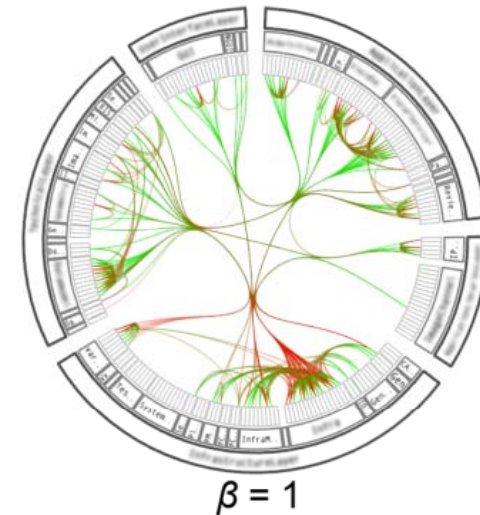
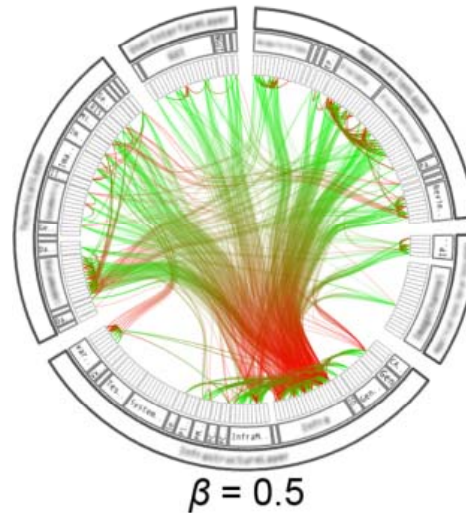
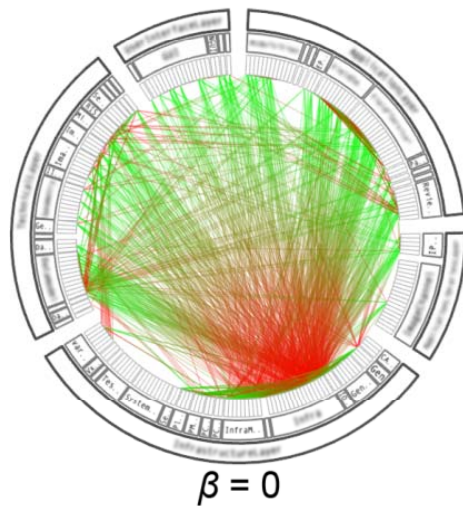


„As detailed as necessary - as simple as possible“

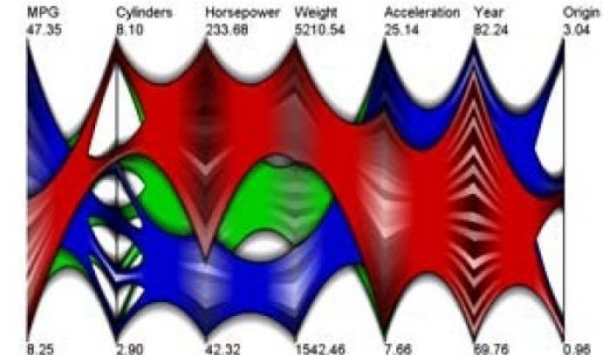
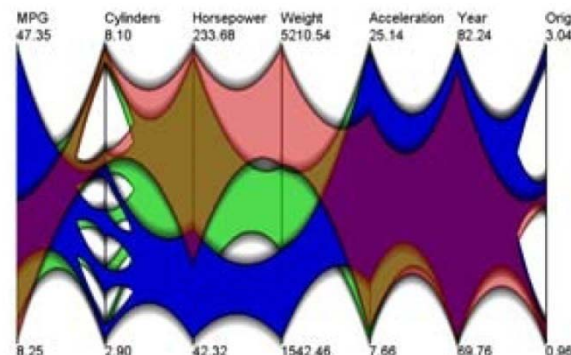
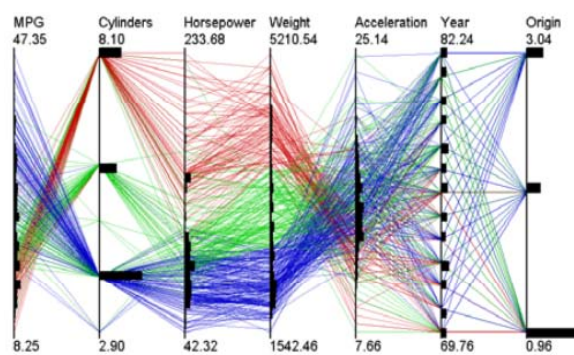


Hierarchical Edge Bundles

[Holten 2006]



Illustrative Parallel Coordinates

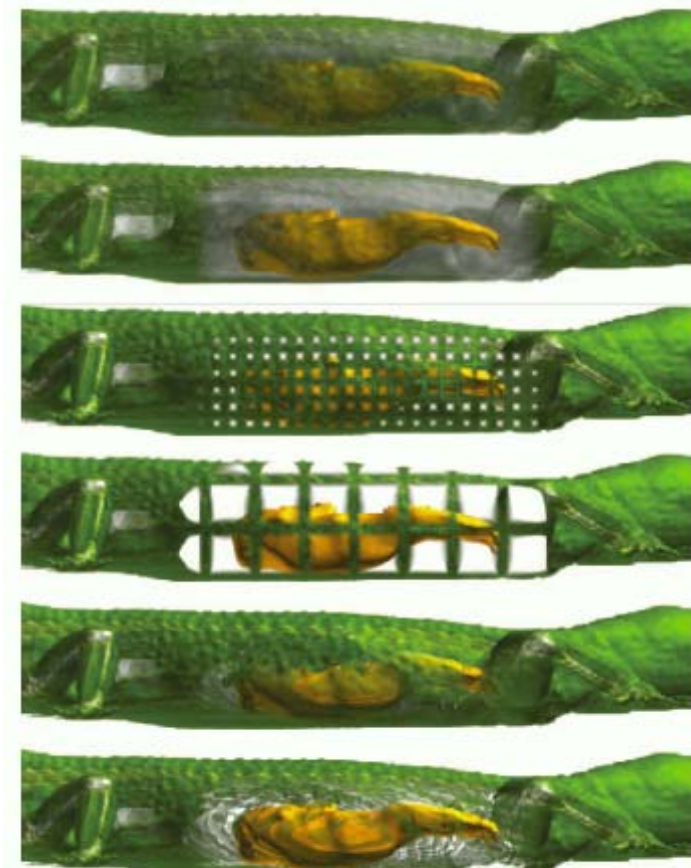


Eduard Gröller

[McDonnell, Mueller 2008]

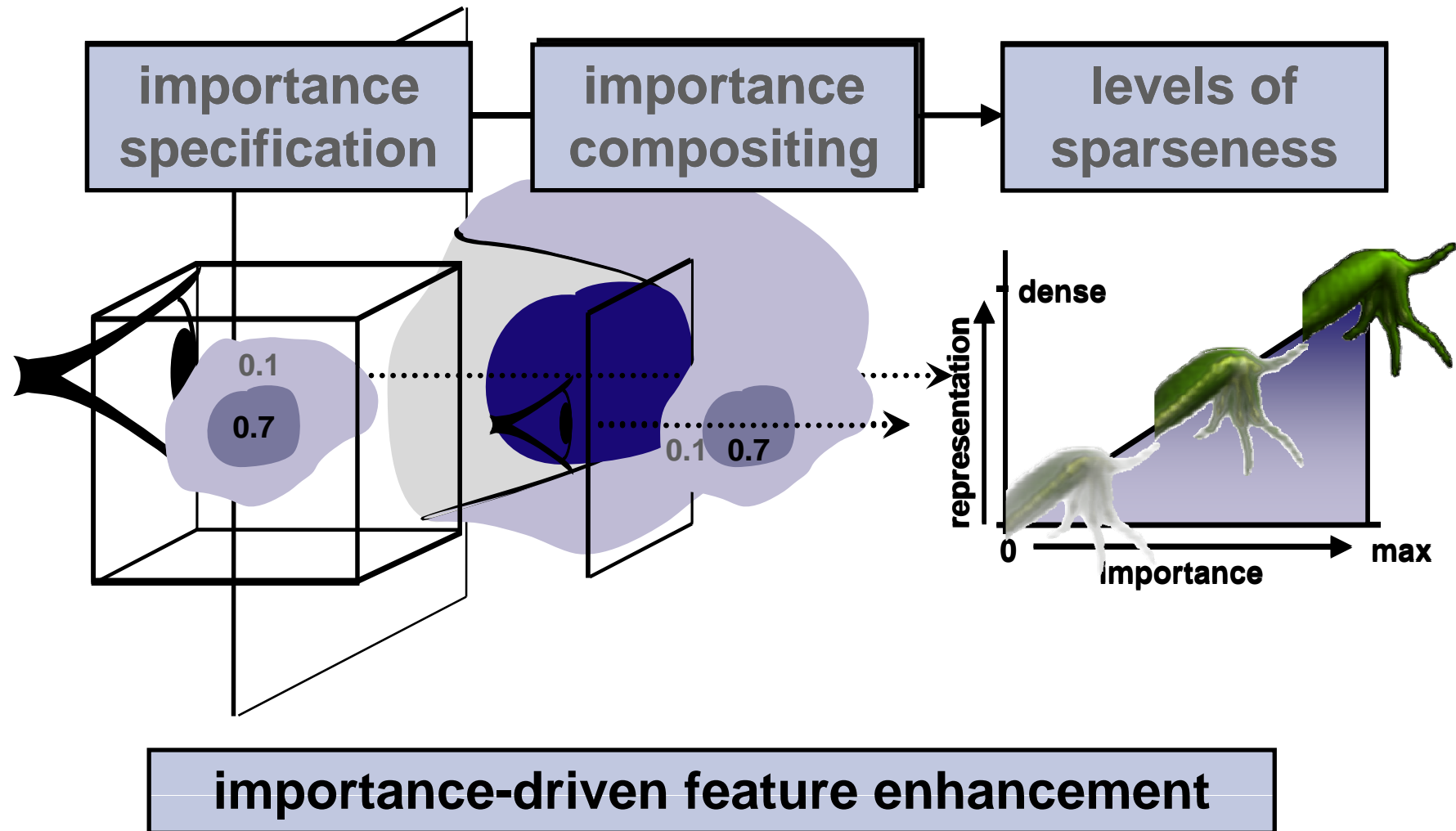


- Importance-driven feature enhancement
[Viola et al. 2004, 2005]

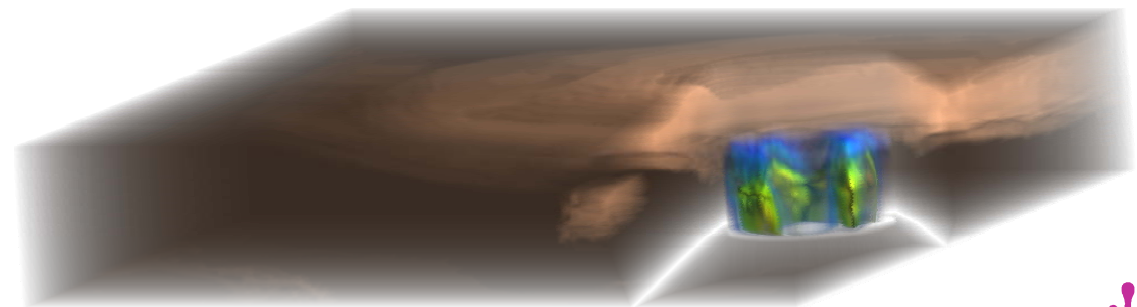
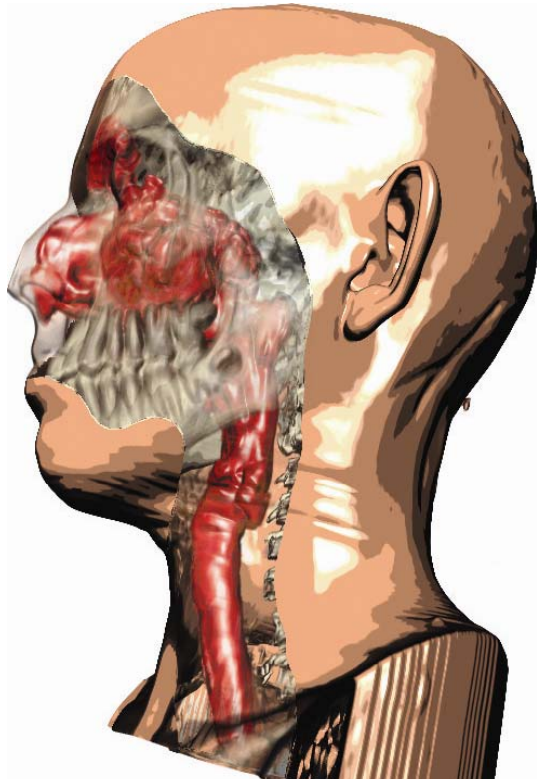
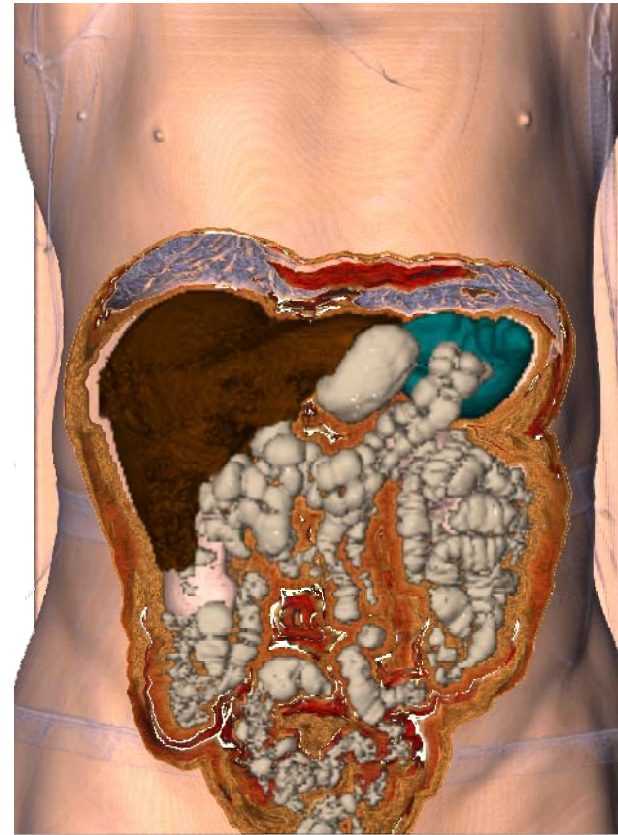


Scalability – Smart Visibility (2)

[Viola et al. '04 '05]



Scalability – Smart Visibility (3)



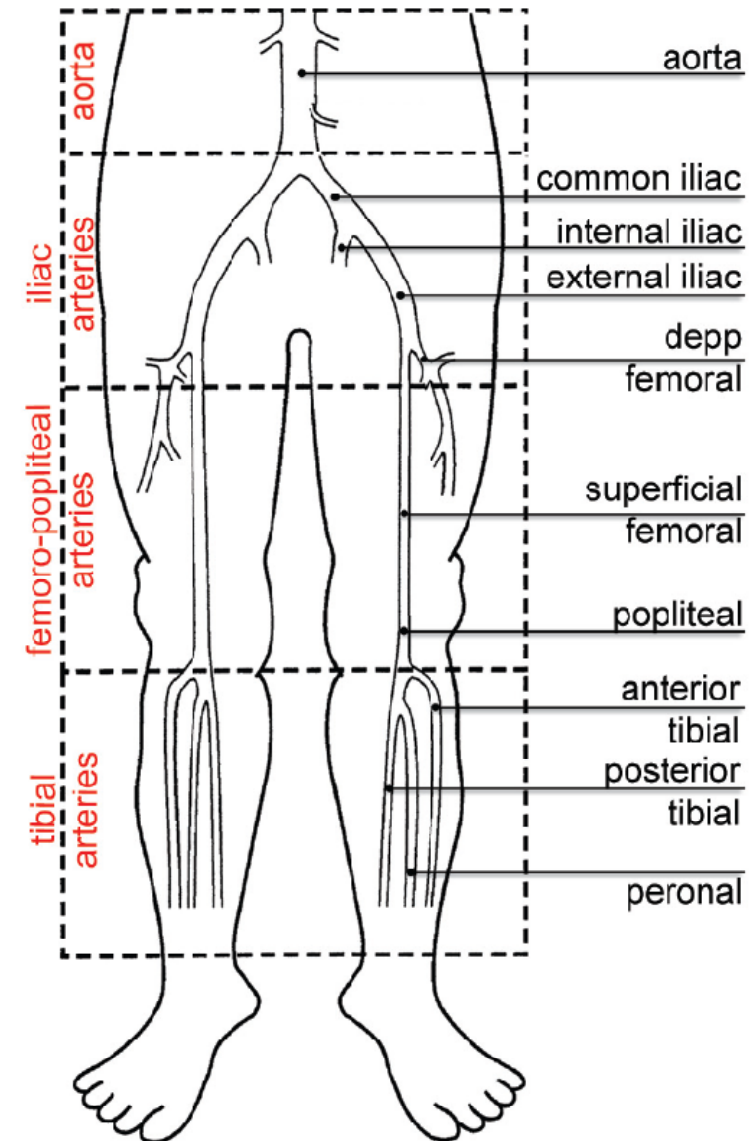
**Do not fight complexity
with complexity**

- Scientific Visualization ↔ Information Visualization
- New Data Sources - Novel Imaging Modalities
- Visual Analytics - Visual Computing – Knowledge Assisted Visualization
- Scalability
- Visualization Yes ! – Interaction No ?
-



Visualization Yes ! – Interaction No ?

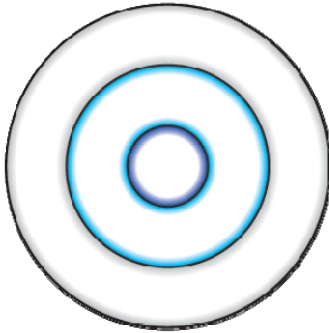
- Problems
 - ◆ Interaction is very time-consuming
 - ◆ Interaction prevents comparisons
 - ◆ Interaction hampers reporting
- Challenges
 - ◆ Provide standardized views
 - ◆ Algorithms highly parameterized – provide sensible default settings
 - ◆ Support automatic parameter tuning
 - ◆ Provide navigational aids
- Examples
 - ◆ Automatic view point selection
 - ◆ Focus of attention
 - ◆ Automatic light placement (inconsistent lighting)
 - ◆ Automatic reporting
 - ◆ Dynamic poster - automatic storytelling



Context-Preserving Rendering (1)

[Bruckner et al. 2006]

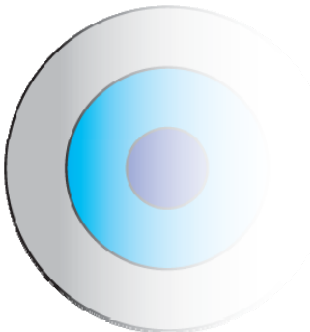
gradient
magnitude
 $\|g_{P_i}\|$



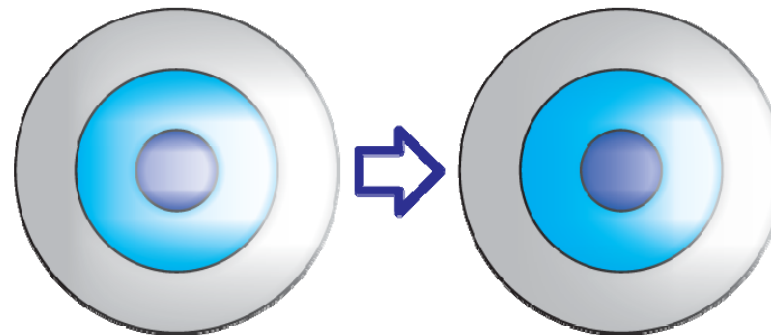
shading
intensity
 $s(P_i)$



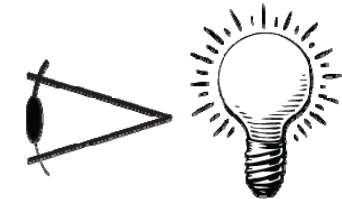
eye
distance
 $\|P_i - E\|$



$$m(P_i) = \|g_{P_i}\| \left(\kappa_i \cdot s(P_i) \cdot (1 - \|P_i - E\|) \cdot (1 - \alpha_{i-1}) \right)^{\kappa_s}$$



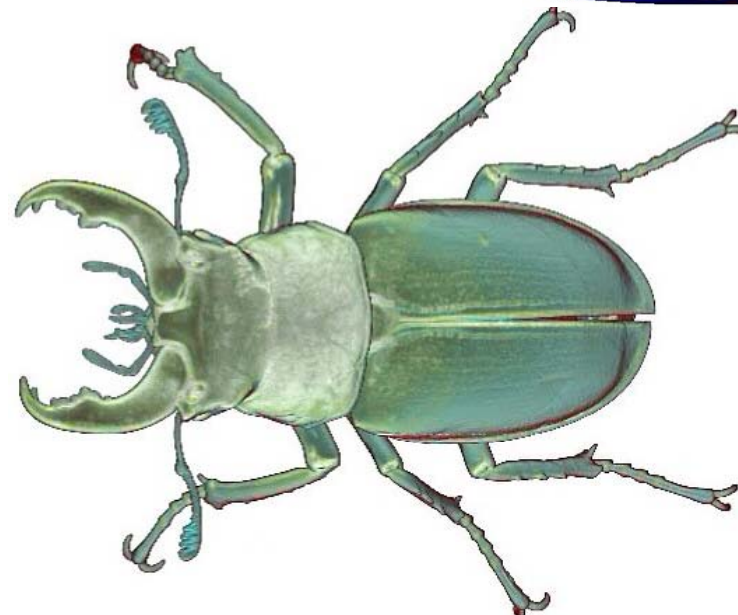
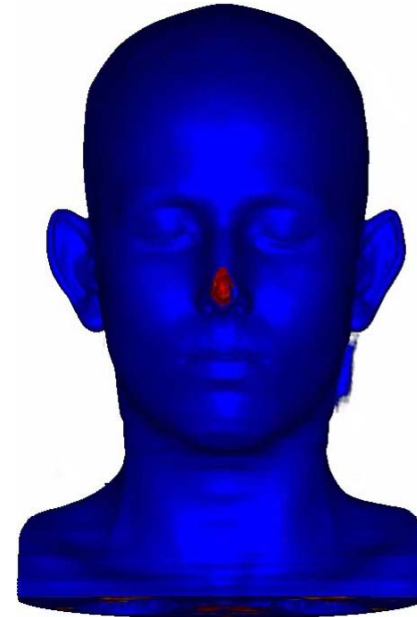
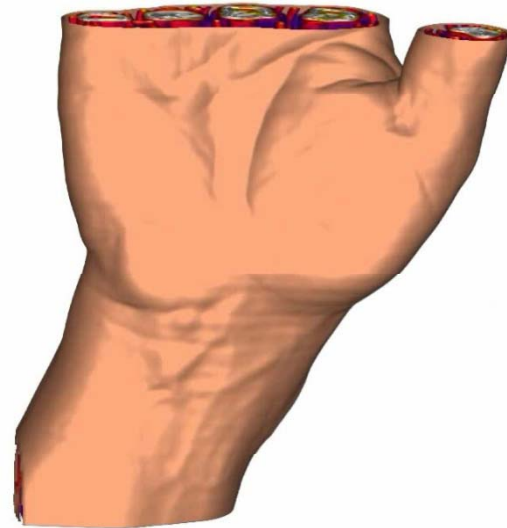
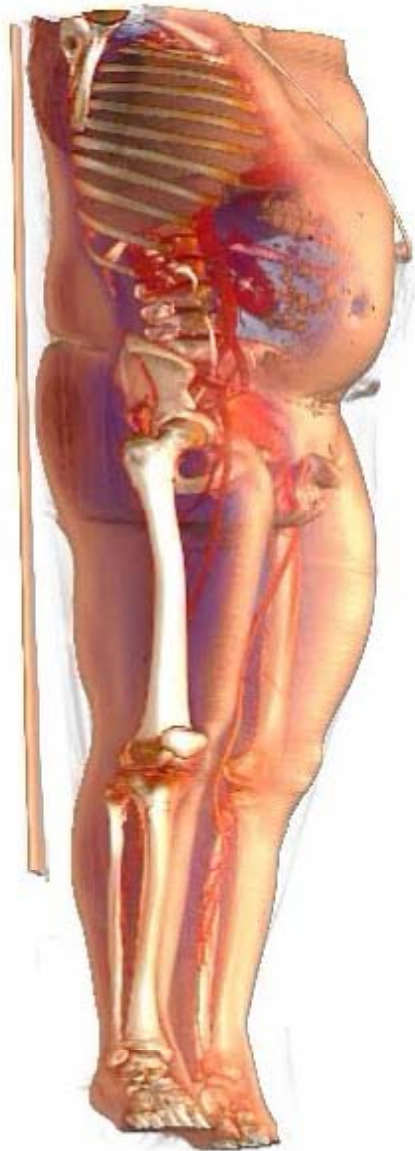
previously
accumulated opacity
 α_{i-1}



- Integrate various focus+context approaches with only few parameters



Context-Preserving Rendering (2)



Visualization Yes ! – Interaction No ?

**Provide the user with the flexibility
he/she can cope with –**

avoid the terror of unconstrained liberty

- Scientific Visualization ↔ Information Visualization
- New Data Sources - Novel Imaging Modalities
- Visual Analytics - Visual Computing – Knowledge Assisted Visualization
- Scalability
- Visualization Yes ! – Interaction No ?
- Interaction Yes ! – BUT User centric !



■ Problems

- ◆ Medical doctors do not (want to) know transfer functions
- ◆ Complex 3D interaction is complex

■ Challenges

- ◆ Include user model (novice, experienced, expert)
- ◆ Include motifs
- ◆ Include user preferences
- ◆ 2D+ navigation (instead of 3D navigation)

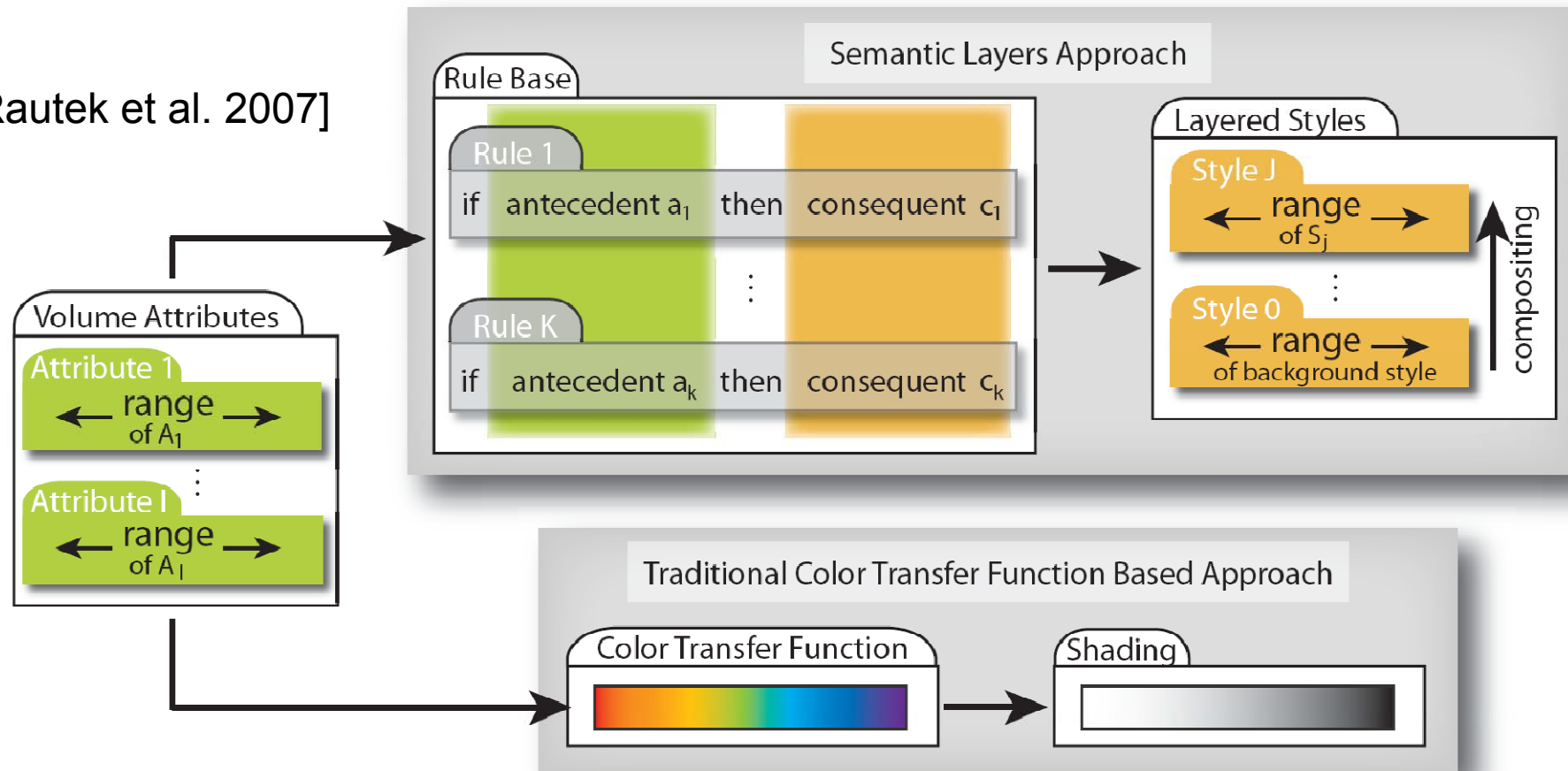
■ Examples

- ◆ Semantic layers for illustrative volume rendering
- ◆ Knowledge-based navigation



- Mapping volumetric attributes to visual styles
- Use natural language of domain expert (rules)
- Rules evaluated with fuzzy logic arithmetics

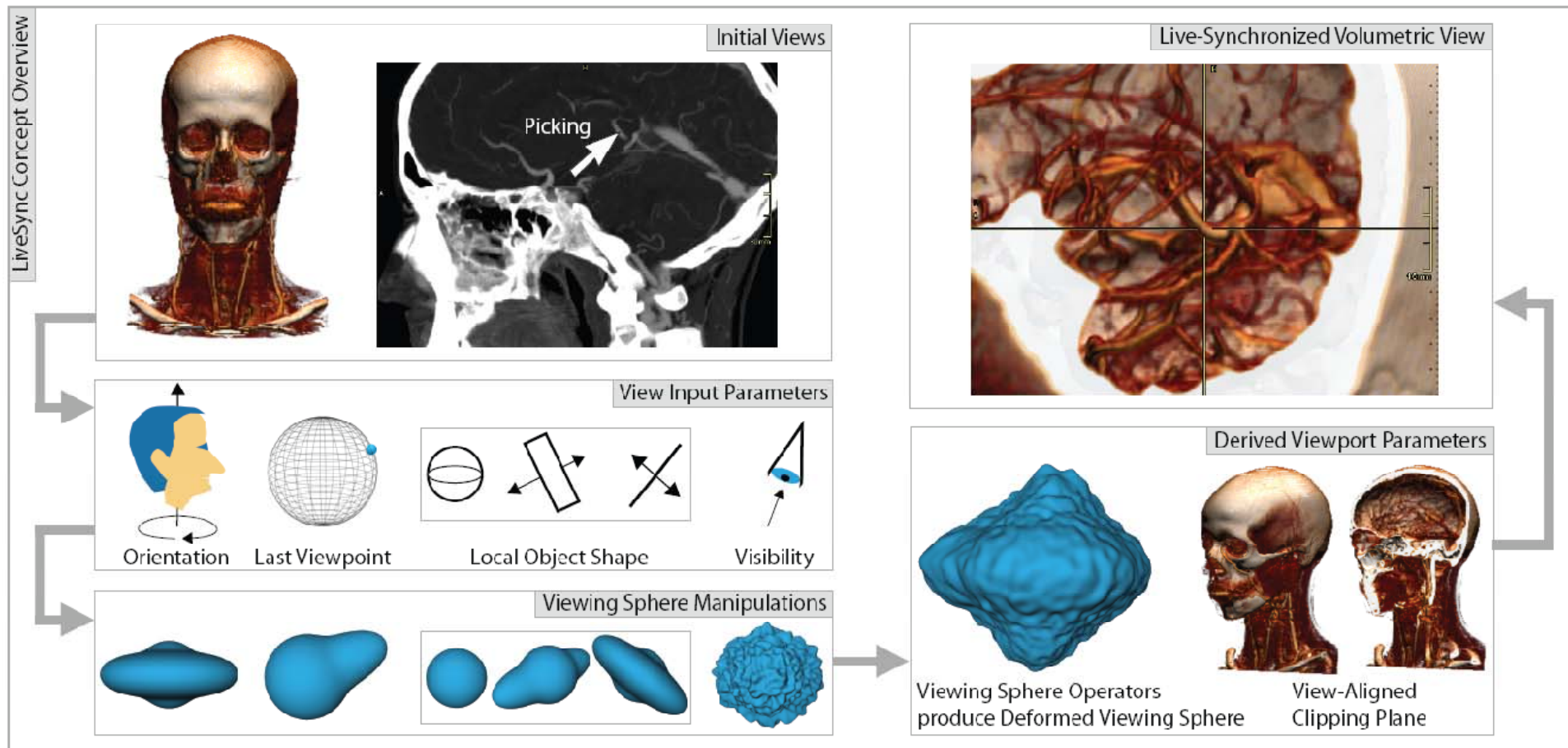
[Rautek et al. 2007]



**Die Grenzen meiner Sprache bedeuten
die Grenzen meiner Welt**

[Ludwig Wittgenstein]

- Interaction with 2D slices
- Automatic generation of expressive 3D views

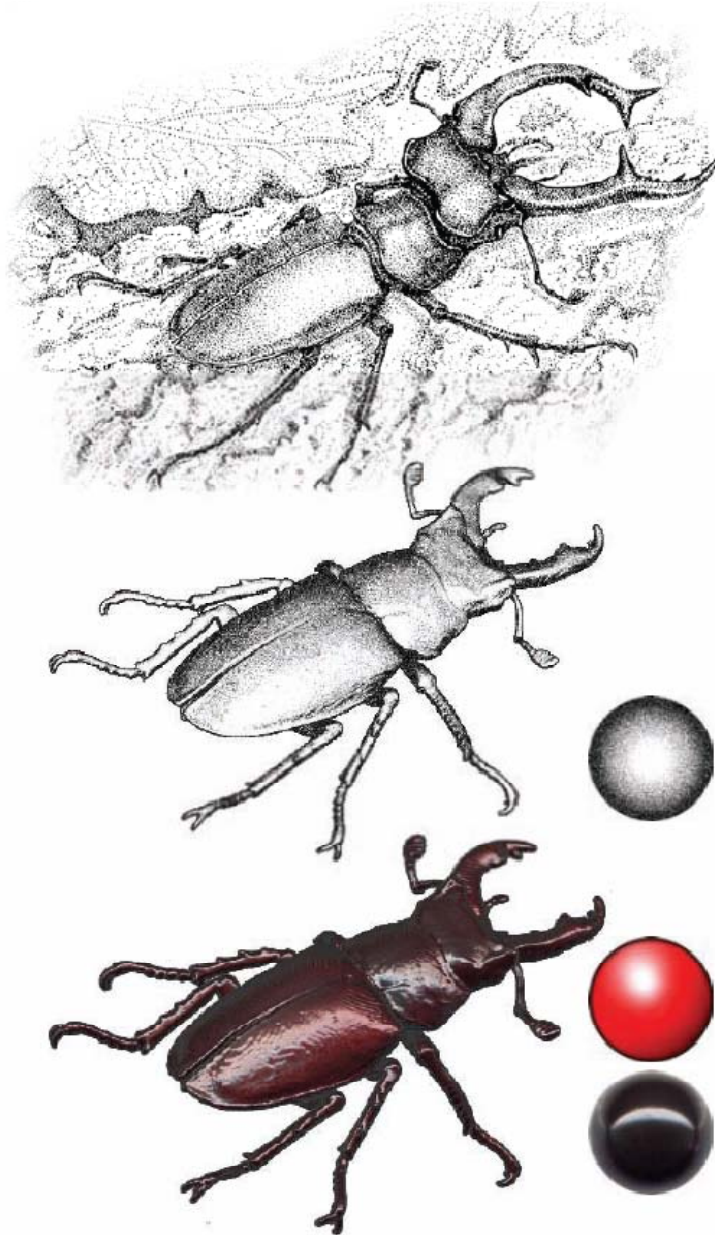


- Scientific Visualization ↔ Information Visualization
- New Data Sources - Novel Imaging Modalities
- Visual Analytics - Visual Computing – Knowledge Assisted Visualization
- Scalability
- Visualization Yes ! – Interaction No ?
- Interaction Yes ! – BUT User centric !

Bring visualization into the workflow of users!!



Thank You for Your Attention



Questions ? Comments?

Acknowledgments

Jean-Paul Balabanian

Stefan Bruckner

Helmut Doleisch

Helwig Hauser

Christoph Heinzl

Krešimir Matković

Hannes Obweger

Peter Rautek

Martin Suntinger,

Ivan Viola

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